

# THE ELECTRICAL WORKER

## OFFICIAL JOURNAL

INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF ELECTRICAL WORKERS.

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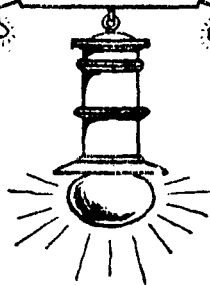
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July, 1913

AFFILIATED WITH THE  
AMERICAN FEDERATION  
OF LABOR IN ALL ITS  
DEPARTMENTS

DEVOTED TO THE CAUSE OF  
ORGANIZED LABOR

EDUCATION

# THE ELECTRICAL



## WORKER

OFFICIAL JOURNAL

OF THE

International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers

Affiliated with the American Federation of Labor and  
all Its Departments.

OWNED AND PUBLISHED BY

THE INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF ELECTRICAL WORKERS.

CHAS. P. FORD, International Secretary,

GENERAL OFFICES: PIERIK BUILDING

SPRINGFIELD, ILL.

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# THE ELECTRICAL WORKER

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE INTERNATIONAL  
BROTHERHOOD OF ELECTRICAL WORKERS

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## *Facts are Facts*

### *The True Story of the San Francisco Situation*

It is better for you to hear the details of the San Francisco situation from some one not connected officially with our Brotherhood than it would be for you to read it from the pen of your paid officers and for that reason we publish in toto, the article, "Facts are Facts," which appeared in the June 28th issue of *Organized Labor*, the official publication of the California State Building Trades Council.

Don't fail to read the entire article; also the letters sent by the representatives of the seceders to the president of the Panama Pacific Exposition Company.

These letters are indisputable evidence of the attempt of the seceder and the interest they represent to disturb the present satisfactory arrangement existing between the Exposition Company and Organized Labor, and create a labor war on the Pacific coast.—(Editor's Note.)

Bearing in mind that, probably without an exception, every international exposition held in the United States has failed to open on the day originally set because of friction between contractors and workmen, and wishing to obviate this embarrassment in San Francisco, an understanding was reached during August of last year whereby the construction of that great enterprise would be carried on without interruption.

In his report to the Twelfth Annual Convention of the State Building Trades Council of California, held at Los Angeles, President P. H. McCarthy said:

There were those who predicted the rising of grave and serious problems through the building of the Exposition, the very magnitude of which staggered some of those would-be calamity howlers.

Men associated with capital and labor, desirous of using the Exposition as a means to create trouble, resorted to all sorts of subterfuge, with a view to bringing about that end.

On the one hand, the high-priced agitator of "Big Business" orated until he became hoarse and wrote until he became the proud possessor of writer's cramps. According to those troublemakers, the most beautiful opportunity ever presented for the establishment of the non-union shop was now at hand. The Exposition grounds were to be the ideal stage upon which

this play should be produced, and the curtain, when raised, would present to the world a lesson never to be forgotten regarding the benefits accruing to the lovers of liberty through the non-union shop.

On the other hand, the unbalanced union man, who apparently loves trouble for the sake of being in trouble, who in times of peace is most restless, who feels that his whole duty on this earth is to create all the annoyance possible for himself and everybody else with whom he comes in contact, he, like the high-priced agitator of "Big Business," did his utmost to create trouble, but failed.

Those types of gentlemen were arrayed on both sides and were confident that they should have a most lovely time during the activities maintained in connection with the building of the Panama-Pacific Exposition. They reckoned without their host, however, for to the credit of the management of that institution, be it said that while the Exposition will embrace a greater degree of activity, due to its tremendous proportions, than any other institution of its kind previously held, it will be built and the gates thrown open on time to the people of the world in a manner calculated to bring to all who visit it the opportunity of seeing the best and greatest achievements of the nations of the world, which achievements will

be on exhibition within the confines of that Exposition beginning February 20, 1915.

The official minutes of the meeting of the Building Trades Council of San Francisco of August 22, 1912, were printed in full in the Labor Day edition of "Organized Labor," bearing date of August 31, 1912. On page 69, column 1, the following statement appears:

Business Agent MacDonald submitted a detailed report of a plan agreed upon by P. H. McCarthy, O. A. Treitmoe and F. G. MacDonald, representing the San Francisco Building Trades Council, and John McLaughlin, John I. Nolan and A. J. Gallagher, representing the San Francisco Labor Council, containing the conditions under which Union Labor would co-operate in the work on the Panama-Pacific International Exposition. The proposed conditions were read and discussed in detail. It was moved and seconded that the plan as submitted be concurred in. The motion was carried by unanimous vote with the exception of one delegate, who voted no.

The official proceedings of the San Francisco Labor Council of August 23, 1912, were printed in full in the Labor Day edition of the Labor Clarion under date of August 30, 1912. On page 52, column 2, the following statement appears:

The secretary at this time announced that he had a very important communication from the Building Trades Council and thought it advisable for the Council to go into executive session for the purpose of considering this communication. Delegate Gallagher moved that the Council go into extra executive session and that each delegate refrain from discussing the action of the Council after meeting adjourned, also requested that newspaper men, in case they heard of any of the proceedings of the Council, that they refrain from publication; motion carried. Secretary read communication from Building Trades Council, the object and meaning of which was explained at length by President P. H. McCarthy of the Building Trades Council, Bro. Frank C. MacDonald, Bro. A. J. Gallagher and Secretary John I. Nolan. It was moved and seconded that this Council concur in the recommendation contained in the communication received from Building Trades Council. Motion was amended that each section of the proposed proposition be taken up and considered seriatim. After considerable discussion a motion to close debate prevailed, the question being put the amendment was lost and original motion carried.

The action of both the Building Trades Council and the Labor Council relative

to the Exposition was given unusual publicity, due to the fact that thousands of copies of the Labor Day editions of "Organized Labor" and the Labor Clarion were distributed gratuitously along the line of the Labor Day parade in this city and also at Shell Mound Park.

Let this fact be borne in mind: All this occurred during the month of August, 1912, and was known by practically every trades unionist in San Francisco on or before Labor Day.

During the past few weeks persons calling themselves trade unionists and claiming to represent certain unions have addressed a number of labor bodies in this city. Their mission was to deny that the seceding electrical workers are endeavoring to disrupt the American Federation of Labor, to scab upon bona-fide trade unionists, and to set aside the understanding entered into in good faith between representatives of the Building Trades Council, the San Francisco Labor Council and the Panama-Pacific Exposition.

These self-styled trade unionists, in the capacity of visiting committee men, have declared that at no time have the seceding electrical workers attempted to thwart the work of the two central labor bodies of this city.

THEIR STATEMENT IS AN ABSOLUTE LIE.

Appearing on pages 1020-2 of this issue of "Organized Labor" is reproduced in fac-simile two letters addressed to the President of the Panama-Pacific Exposition Company.

Observe the date of each letter, and then observe the signature.

Here is proof positive that these would-be union-wreckers attempted to negotiate an agreement "to furnish competent men for ALL classes of electrical work in different branches of the trade," AFTER an understanding already had been entered into jointly by the San Francisco Building Trades Council and the Labor Council.

The attempted agreement of the seceding electrical workers is reproduced on page 1021.

At the time that the understanding between the San Francisco Building Trades Council, the Labor Council and the Exposition management was discussed and ratified by the Labor Council, at its meeting on August 23, 1912, Electrical Workers' Union No. 151 was affiliated with the Labor Council.

Some time afterward, in obedience to the mandate of the American Federation of Labor, No. 151 was expelled from membership in the Labor Council because No. 151 had seceded from the Bro-

therhood affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. By virtue of this expulsion No. 151 then and there ceased to have standing in the bona-fide labor movement.

Now come their sympathizers and ask the labor movement of San Francisco to become embroiled in industrial warfare, in order that these seceders and would-be union wreckers may be encouraged in their efforts to SCAB upon building trades men and to break an understanding entered into in good faith by the Building Trade Council and the San Francisco Labor Council.

The Building Trades Council of San Francisco can speak only for itself. It does not pretend nor will it attempt to act as a spokesman of other than building trades unions. But, speaking for itself, it has declared, unequivocally and without evasion, that it will not permit these seceding would-be union disrupters to repeat the tactics in San Francisco that they perpetrated in Oakland on Tuesday of this week, when the Building Trades Council of Alameda County was compelled to call a strike on the Kahn department store for one day in order to rid the labor movement of that county of these disrupters. More than one hundred and fifty building trades-

men had to cease work for a day, thus losing in wages approximately \$765.

The Building Trades Council has declared it will continue to remain a part of the Building Trades Department of the American Federation of Labor, and that it will give neither aid nor succor to any band of seceders having for their purpose the inauguration of chaos and the annihilation of solidarity.

It is possible that unions not affiliated with the Building Trades Council may waiver and lack determination, but this is a course that never has and never will be pursued by those organizations which are banded together under the head of the Building Trades Council.

They are organized solely for the betterment of the workers, and through reason and long experience are convinced that their success was not founded upon secession.

Reid's agents and satellites, who for more than five years have been doing the dirty work for public service corporations and the National Erectors' Association, may deny that they tried to steal the work of the organized building artisans and cause a labor war on the Exposition buildings, but FACTS ARE FACTS. Their letters, over their own signatures, are black, croaking crows which have come home to roost.

### ***Deception, Falsehood and Treachery of Seceders and Would-Be Union Disrupters, exposed***

The San Francisco Building Trades Council desiring to get complete facts relative to the claims set up by the seceders concerning the agreements entered into with the Pacific Gas and Electric Company, appointed a committee to thoroughly investigate the entire matter.

The committee's report is published in full and on account of it being the findings of a committee of men other than representatives of our Brotherhood, who entered into their duties with an unbiased mind with the sole purpose of getting the true facts regardless of who it hurt, it surely should be convincing evidence to even the most skeptical mind and we hazard the opinion that those who might have been somewhat inclined to believe the misleading statements circulated by the seceders on this questions will turn from them in disgust never again to be deceived by them

#### **THE REPORT.**

The following report was submitted to the Building Trades Council at its meeting last week:

San Francisco, June 19, 1913.

To the Officers and Members of the San Francisco Building Trades Council:

Greeting—We, your Committee appointed to investigate the light and power situation, beg to report that, owing to the great scope of inquiry necessary with regard to the entire light and power situation, we are unable to submit, at this time, more than a mere outline of our investigation, as follows:

That, in 1908, General President McNulty of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers removed certain international officers; that these officers called a rump convention in the same year; that this convention organized a dual or scab organization, and since that

time has fought the International Electrical Workers and the American Federation of Labor;

That they tied up the funds of the international organization and took the Brotherhood into court; that the court decided in favor of the International Brotherhood affiliated with the American Federation of Labor; that they took an appeal and were beaten in the Court of Appeals, Eighth District, State of Ohio, the court upholding the decision of the lower court, and declaring against the Reid dual organization instituted to scab on the American Federation of Labor;

That this Reid strikebreaking combination has broken strikes and instituted locals of electrical workers at a wage much lower than that received by members of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers in the cities of Pittsburgh, Buffalo, Albany, Schenectady, New York City, Chicago, Gary, Dallas and several smaller cities, scabbing in a disgraceful manner in each and every one of the foregoing cities;

That recently in the City of Sacramento, during the course of construction of a new building for the Pacific Gas and Electric Company, this same combination of strikebreakers scabbed it on the entire building trades, and, associated with the boilermakers, took the places of the structural ironworkers, cutting the wages more than \$2 per day;

That this scab combination has co-operated and worked with scabs of all trades, doing extensive building-trades construction work for the various light, power and telephone companies throughout this State and are still so occupied;

That in our own city during the past five years innumerable jobs had to be struck to force this same combination to stop scabbing on the members of the Brotherhood of Electrical Workers affiliated with the American Federation of Labor and known as No. 6; that this combination has been working on those buildings for as much as 75c a day less than the minimum wage scale of the union men affiliated with No. 6; that recently a job at the corner of Sacramento Street near Larkin, had to be struck because this combination was scabbing on No. 6, and using scab sheet metal work; that they rushed several men on the job and completed the work under those scab conditions; that the Holbrook building, on Sutter Street, within the past few weeks also had to be struck against the combination scabbing it on the building-trades men;

That they tried to negotiate an agreement with contractors who, for years, have employed members of No. 6, paying them \$5 per day minimum on ships and wharves along the waterfront, this

agreement calling for \$4.25 a day, or 75c less than the minimum agreed on by this Council for the union men affiliated with No. 6; that this agreement is in evidence and the contractors refused to sign it;

That, under the head of "Union Scabs," they posted on their board in their headquarters the names of some of those men whom they tried to put out of their positions, and whose places they proposed to fill for 75c per day less than the minimum assigned to No. 6;

That they tried to negotiate an agreement with the management of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition controlling all electrical work done by the company or by any individual or contractor performing any electrical work within the gates of the Exposition; that this was in direct violation of the understanding and agreement entered into and approved by the San Francisco Building Trades Council and the San Francisco Labor Council; and that the president of the San Francisco Labor Council, a member of the committee that attended to this work, is now and has been for the past two or three weeks, in violation of all law of the American Federation of Labor, aiding and abetting those same strikebreaking combinations to still further scab on the trade unionists of this city;

That the president of the San Francisco Labor Council declared, when the matter came before the Council for the first time, that he would leave the presidency of the Council before he would permit the Council to endorse the Light and Power Council; that at the very first meeting of the Council thereafter he not only changed his attitude, but reversed his former decision;

That he is assisting and cooperating with those who are violating the laws of the American Federation of Labor, setting up his opinion against the laws and ruling of the American Federation of Labor; that he has threatened and tried to bully men into going on strike, in violation of the law and instructions of the American Federation of Labor; that he is advised and assisted in these vicious undertakings by a fanatic named Schulberg, who has been repudiated by even the I. W. W.'s, and concerning whom H. Erickson, president of Local No. 330, I. W. W., has issued the following statement:

To Whom It May Concern:

At the request of Mr. J. Bredsteen, editor of The Labor News, I hereby give you a synopsis of the charges preferred against Selig Schulberg by Local 330, I. W. W.:

(a) Neglecting his duties as an Organizer paid by Local 330, by getting drunk while on organizing trips and as-

sociating with women from the redlight districts, thereby disgracing the organization;

(b) Borrowing money from individuals and leaving without paying;

(c) Soliciting money for organizing purposes from the I. W. W. Local in Crescent City and never accounting for what he got;

(d) Getting himself elected as a delegate to the last I. W. W. convention, knowing he would not and could not be seated. When this fact was discovered and his credentials revoked, he suddenly left for San Francisco, taking with him over \$100, part expense money which had been paid to him, and which of course should have been returned to the two Locals contributing the expense money, on the revocation of his credentials.

On receiving these charges, attested to by the officers of Local 330, President Sherman immediately fired him as an Organizer.

There is no excuse for acting as he did. The Local paid him \$10 a week, with promise of more as soon as the Local could afford it. He came here like a hobo, and we took him in hand and made a gentleman of him externally, but to make him a real gentleman was beyond our power.

In conclusion, let me say that I do not wish to deprive him of a chance to make a living. I simply wish to warn you not to trust him and keep your hands on your pocketbooks while he is around.

Yours truly,

H. Erickson,

President Local No. 330, I. W. W.  
Address, 306 Pratt St., Eureka, Cal.

We further find that some of the men now associated with A. J. Gallagher in these vicious, union-wrecking moves were jointly responsible with others in securing an appropriation of \$1,000 from this dual electrical combination, said \$1,000 to be used as payment for the kidnaping of your President, P. H. McCarthy, during the attempted wrecking of the Building Trades Council in 1907.

We regret our inability to furnish you with a complete report of this case, but we feel that herein has been submitted sufficient to place every honest union man upon his guard against this combination

of crooks, fanatics and gentlemen suffering from an acute attack of enlarged ego, who set themselves up in defiance of the laws of the American Federation of Labor, and would lead unsuspecting workmen to their destruction.

Your Committee respectfully requests further time within which to submit its complete report.

Respectfully and fraternally submitted,

J. B. Gallagher,

W. F. Dwyer,

John Bell,

Committee.

On motion, duly seconded, the foregoing report was received and ADOPTED BY A UNANIMOUS VOTE as submitted.

---

**RESOLUTION ADOPTED BY L. U. NO. 404, WHICH CLEARLY DEFINES THEIR POSITION RELATIVE TO SECESSISM.**

---

Whereas, A combination known as the Reid-Murphy faction has for years, by every trick, means and device, sought to disrupt the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers; and

Whereas, The aforesaid combination has been defeated both in the councils and conventions of the American Federation of Labor and in the courts of the land; and

Whereas, Agents of this aforesaid combination have precipitated trouble upon the local labor movement of San Francisco and in California, and are still engaged in perpetrating their dastardly work through accusations and falsehoods; therefore be it

Resolved, By Local Union No. 404 of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, that we hereby reaffirm our loyalty to the American labor movement, and to all the present officers of our International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers; and be it further

Resolved, That we hereby express our hearty appreciation of the manly stand and splendid support given to the members of our loyal local unions of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, by the Building Trades Council of San Francisco and the State Building Trades Council of California; and be it further

Resolved, That these resolutions be forwarded to our International office, to the Building Trades Council of San Francisco, and that copies be given to the press.

H. M. Hansen.

Secretary.



**HERE'S THE EVIDENCE**

We are publishing the letters and agreement sent by the "seceders" to the Exposition Company. Their willingness to scab on the Brotherhood can not be questioned.

**Executive Officers**  
**PRESIDENT**  
 C. A. Dujelle.....1021 45th St., Emeryville, Cal.  
**SECRETARY-TREASURER**  
 W. S. Junkin.....234 Pacific Building, San Francisco, Cal.  
**VICE-PRESIDENTS**  
**First District**  
 John Morgenthauser.....Room 13, Labor Temple, Seattle, Wash.  
**Second District**  
 G. A. Von Schellie.....P. O. Box 1777, Spokane, Wash.  
**Fourth District**  
 W. J. Keilly.....1315 Georgia St., Los Angeles, Cal.  
**FINANCE COMMITTEE**  
 Wm. Hanna.....1634 Rosedale Ave., Oakland, Cal.  
 W. E. Small.....124 Fulton St., San Francisco, Cal.  
 L. D. Wilson.....945 Golden Gate Ave., San Francisco, Cal.

**Pacific District Council No. 1**  
 of the Third District  
 I. B. E. W.



**Executive Board**  
**First District**  
 E. T. Fenton.....Clatskanie, R. C.  
**Second District**  
 B. E. Atkinson.....Spring Valley, Wash.  
**Third District**  
 B. W. Bowen.....12 Labor Temple, Seattle, Wash.  
**Fourth District**  
 C. A. Jordan.....519 Alameda Bldg., Portland, Ore.  
**Fifth District**  
 R. C. Wells.....Box 456, Sacramento, Cal.  
**Sixth District**  
 Wm. L. Rhyas.....Room 10, Ferry Bldg., San Francisco, Cal.  
**Seventh District**  
 T. J. Blake.....Box 193, Virginia City, Nev.  
**Eighth District**  
 M. J. Elmer.....P. O. Box 415, Santa Barbara, Cal.  
**Ninth District**  
 Geo. Simons.....P. O. Box 901, Phoenix, Ariz.

GENERAL OFFICES. 234 PACIFIC BLDG., FOURTH AND MARKET STS.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., Sept. 12, 1912.

Mr. C. C. Moore, Gen. Pres.,  
 Panama-Pacific International Exposition Co.,  
 First and Mission streets, C I T Y.

Dear Sir:

I am enclosing herewith copy of an agreement desired by the members of our organization representing the electrical workers of the State of California, with the Panama-Pacific International Exposition Company, to govern all electrical work inside the Exposition grounds.

We will appreciate your early consideration of same, and would be pleased to meet with you, or your representative who may be in charge of such work, in order that the terms of the agreement may be thoroughly discussed.

Trusting that you are in position to grant us an early conference at any time which you may find convenient, and awaiting your reply,

Very truly yours,

*W. S. Junkin*  
 Secy-Treas

PACIFIC DISTRICT COUNCIL #1, 3rd DIST. I. B. E. W.

Enc:

Dict.  
 WSJ/MVJ.

## AGREEMENT

This agreement, made and entered into by and between the PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION COMPANY, party of the first part, and the PACIFIC DISTRICT COUNCIL No. 1, 3rd District, I. B. E. W., party of the Second part:

## WITNESSETH

FIRST: That for and in consideration of harmonious relations and settled conditions of employment, the parties hereto do establish and agree to the following wage schedule and working rules covering the construction of ALL Electrical Work, and the operation and maintenance of all electrical appliances, devices, and apparatus used in connection therewith, done under the jurisdiction of and operated and maintained by the PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION.

It is hereby agreed and understood that all agreements entered into between the PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION COMPANY and all Contractors and other persons employing electrical workers on the World's Fair Grounds, shall be governed by this agreement.

SECOND: The party of the first part agrees to employ none but members of the PACIFIC DISTRICT COUNCIL No. 1, 3rd District, I. B. E. W., who are in possession of paid up cards or permits of the party of the second part.

THIRD: The party of the second part agrees to furnish competent men for all classes of Electrical work in the different branches of the trade.

**Executive Officers**

**PRESIDENT**  
C. A. Drotts.....1021 45th St., Emeryville, Cal.

**SECRETARY-TREASURER**  
W. S. Juola.....234 Pacific Building, San Francisco, Cal.

**VICE-PRESIDENTS**

**First District**  
Joh. Hergenthaler.....Room 13, Labor Temple, Seattle, Wash.

**Second District**  
G. A. Yon Schriller.....P. O. Box 1777, Spokane, Wash.

**Fourth District**  
W. J. Kelley.....1023 Georgia St., Los Angeles, Cal.

**FINANCE COMMITTEE**  
Wm. Byrne.....1824 Rosedale Ave., Oakland, Cal.  
W. E. Small.....124 Fulton St., San Francisco, Cal.  
L. D. Wilson.....945 Golden Gate Ave., San Francisco, Cal.

**Pacific District Council No. 1**  
of the Third District  
I. B. E. W.



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**First District**.....Clayburn, S. C.  
**Second District**.....Morning Valley, Wash.  
**Third District**.....1st Labor Temple, Seattle, Wash.  
**Fourth District**.....318 Alaskan Bldg., Portland, Ore.  
**Fifth District**.....Box 450, Sacramento, Cal.  
**Sixth District**.....Room 13, Ferry Bldg., San Francisco, Cal.  
**Seventh District**.....Box 190, Virginia City, Nevada  
**Eighth District**.....P. O. Box 414, Santa Barbara, Cal.  
**Ninth District**.....P. O. Box 901, Phoenix, Ariz.

GENERAL OFFICES, 234 PACIFIC BLDG., FOURTH AND MARKET STS.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., November 2, 1912.

Mr. Chas. C. Moore, President,  
Panama-Pacific Exposition Company,  
Exposition Building, C I T Y.

Dear Sir:

In pursuance of communication sent you under date of September 12th, the Officers of this Council respectfully ask a hearing before the Fair Commissioners to discuss the subject of an agreement between that honorable body and this Council.

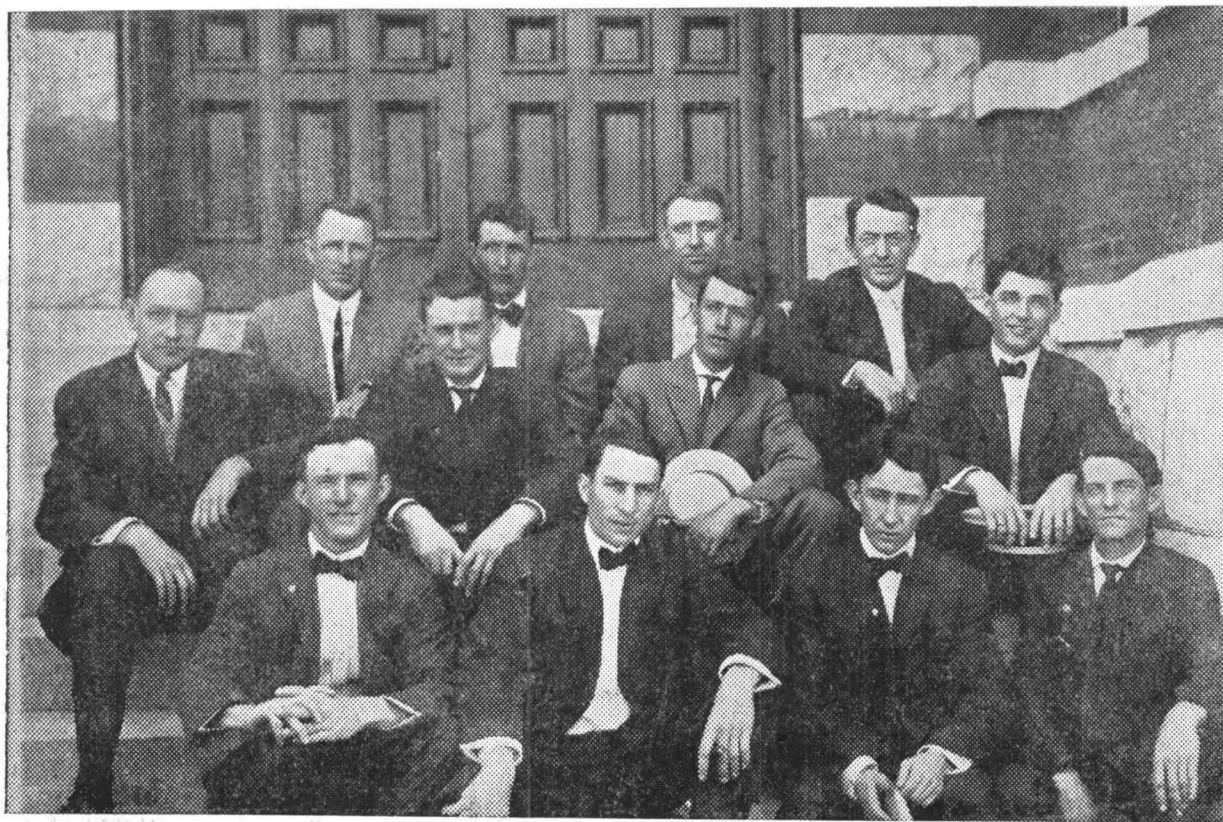
We urge that the matter is very important to your Company and to this Council.

Thanking you in advance for an early hearing, beg to remain,

Very truly yours,

*L. D. Wilson*  
Acting Secy-Treas.

Dict.  
LDW/MVJ.



**HUSTLING MEMBERS OF L. U. NO. 194, SHREVEPORT, LA.**  
 TOP ROW—G. W. Kendall, W. A. Brobst, Morris Chambers, J. C. Biggs.  
 MIDDLE ROW—J. Dais, I. Ivards, J. T. Carlton, J. T. Greer, Federation of Labor, LaSalle.  
 BOTTOM ROW—E. C. Henry, L. G. Bres, Chas. Serwich, P. R. Elliott.



*A Union Job. No Seceders allowed.*

Official Journal of the  
**INTERNATIONAL  
 BROTHERHOOD OF ELECTRICAL WORKERS**  
 Published Monthly

F. J. McNulty, Supervising Editor.  
 CHAS. P. FORD, Editor.  
 Pierik Bldg., Springfield, Ill.

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 Sixth District - - - - Frank Swor  
 R. F. D. No. 6, Box 45, Arlington, Texas.  
 Seventh District - - - - H. M. Scott  
 573 N. St. Louis St., Los Angeles, Cal.



**WATCH US GROW**

Below appears list of Local Unions that have identified themselves with the Brotherhood since last issue, to each we extend a hearty welcome.

7 Springfield, Mass.  
 30 Spokane, Wash.  
 51 Des Moines, Iowa.  
 S- 96 Worcester, Mass.  
 115 Ogden, Utah.  
 S-194 Shreveport, La.  
 211 Atlantic City, N. Y.  
 S-495 Schenectady, N. Y.  
 539 Long Beach, Cal.  
 546 Porterville, Cal.  
 547 Fairmont, W. Va.  
 548 Pekin, Ill.  
 551 Amsterdam, N. Y.  
 552 Lewistown, Mont.  
 557 York, Pa.

Local No. 534 of New York City desires to inform the Brotherhood that on account of unsettled conditions in their city, it is necessary for them to enforce Article 14, Section 8, of the constitution.

**NOTICE.**

On account of the difficulty in our jurisdiction, Local No. 78, Atlanta, Ga., respectfully requests traveling members to avoid this locality until same is settled.

**NOTICE.**

If your subscription has expired, renew promptly.

**NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.**

Should you change your address, do not fail to notify the editor, so that the transfer can be made on our subscription book, which will assure your receiving The Worker at your new address.

**NOTICE.**

If you have subscribed for The Worker, and do not receive it, notify the editor immediately.

The St. Louis operators are still standing firm and intend to fight to the bitter end for the right to organize which right the company has tried to deny them.

The company has resorted to the old thread-bare policy of raising wages, hoping to influence the girls to return to work and desert the great principle for which they are battling.

The company's inducements have proved fruitless, however, for the operators realize, that to receive lasting benefit, they must first secure the right to organize and bring about the reinstatement of the girls who were discharged for having the courage to assert their rights and initiated the movement to form a union. There is a decided contrast in the treatment of the strike breakers the company has recruited and the manner they treated their former employees. Some of the striking operators received as low as \$20.00 per month, while the strike breaker are paid high wages, housed in good hotels and furnished automobiles to convey them to and from the work.

This treatment of the strike breakers has shown the striking operators the length that the company will go to defeat them and has inspired them with new determination to win.



# EDITORIAL



F. J. McNULTY

**READ CAREFULLY.  
IMPORTANT.**

It has come to our attention that certain delegates are coming to our Boston Convention with the avowed purpose of forcing us to recognize the Seceders as an organization and for the further purpose of changing our laws so that they will be agreeable to the Secessionists as well as having our Brotherhood assume their debts.

Of course, we cannot foresee what action our Convention will take on any question that may confront us but we hazard the opinion that our Brotherhood, after five long years of strenuous battle against the outlaws, during which time it has defeated them in the courts of the American Labor Movement as well as in the courts of LAW, where they brought us will not make the mistake of taking any action that will give the Seceders a new lease of life, nor any action that will hold out any hope to them that our Brotherhood will recognize them as an organization in any way in the future.

The battle is nearly ended and our Brotherhood should feel proud of its success for our victories mean much for our future welfare as well as for the protection of all bona fide organizations of Labor against any band of disrupters who may arise within their ranks in the future for the purpose of dividing it.

No organization was ever confronted with the issue that our Brotherhood was confronted with. Some of them, aye, most of them have had to confront secession, but none have ever had to fight through the courts the issue of one member tying up its funds and keeping them tied up for five years.

Every member in good standing has a property right in the funds of our organization that is quite true, and has a legal right to appeal to the courts if that right is illegally trespassed on, provided he has first appealed to all the courts within our organization. Had "Gieb's" property rights been imposed on he would have appealed to the courts of our Brotherhood instead of the courts of Ohio, but merely acting the part of a tool for others in a deep laid plot to disrupt our organization, he started a suit of law based upon information and belief (which any one can do) in the Court of Common Pleas of Cuyahoga County, Ohio, which court was over three years behind in its docket.

Mr. Geib knew full well that he was not subject to the law for starting such a suit, and those he was acting for knew full well they could not be punished for it. They all knew, however, that all our Brotherhood could do was to wait until our day in court came after those three long years had passed before we could get at the bottom of it and expose the conspiracy.

In the meantime they hoped to have accomplished their object which was to disrupt the Brotherhood.

We tried several times to have the hearing advanced by the court, and each time the Seceders opposed the advancement, which clearly showed their hand and object. Delay, delay, delay, was their slogan, and so we had to wait and bear our burden. And all this time circular letters were

going the rounds accusing us of the delay, and our Local Unions were pounding us to have the suits tried. We truthfully explained the facts to them and told them when in the opinion of our lawyers the law suit would be tried, and when that time came, another delay would be occasioned, when some more of our Locals would secede.

At last our day came in court and our Brotherhood was victorious, our officers were vindicated, the American Federation of Labor and all of its departments were vindicated in rendering the decisive decisions they did, upholding our Brotherhood after several long hearings and investigations.

We were then brought to the Court of Appeals of Ohio and again we were victorious, that court sustaining the Court of Common Pleas in all of its findings.

We were next brought by the Seceders to the Supreme Court of Ohio, where the case now awaits its turn on the docket.

The Seceders are telling their followers that the Supreme Court is going to reverse the two Lower Courts' decision. They claim to know positively that both the Court of Common Pleas and the Court of Appeals erred in their findings.

We do not know what the Supreme Court's decision will be, but our confidence in that court is just as strong as it was in the other two courts. We feel sure our Brotherhood will be again victorious when the decision is handed down and when that decision is handed down, it will mean that never again will a Geib or a Reid or a Sullivan or a dozen of them or men of their calibre be able to tie up the funds of our Brotherhood of their own accord or at the behest of others and keep them tied up for one week let alone for over five years.

That is the principle we are fighting for, it means much to all organizations of Labor, for they all have as much to gain by our victory as our Brotherhood. We feel confident our convention will turn down any effort on the part of any delegate or delegates to sacrifice that principle on the eve of final success, no matter under what guise they may undertake to do it.

We threw our doors open to all seceding Local Unions last January so they could come back to the fold practically free of cost before March 15th, and thereby be eligible to participate in our Boston Convention and have both voice and vote in the making of laws for the government of our Brotherhood and in the selection of International officers for the following two years.

The seceding Local Unions that did not accept of that extremely generous proposition have themselves to blame.

They have no say, nor no right to say what our laws shall be or who our officers shall be, we do not even suggest to them what they shall do when they have a convention. We concede that, that is their own business and what is more we do not care what they do in their convention nor what their laws are or who their officers may be. We are not interested. They can attend to their own business as they see fit. We will attend to ours.

It is a safe prediction that when our Boston Convention ends the will of the majority represented will have prevailed and our Brotherhood will continue to fight the Secessionists until they are forced to come back into the fold.

We cannot afford to compromise the principle involved no matter what the Seceders' sympathizers may do or say.



**COL. MULHALL'S CONFESSION.** For years the leaders of the Labor Movement have been preaching to the unorganized men and women of Labor the necessity of their joining the Trade Union of their respective crafts, they have pointed out to them repeatedly that the National Manufacturers' Association, representing an approximate capital of 10,000,000,000 under the guise of being a non-political business and trade organization, was nothing more or less than an institution organized for the purpose of disrupting Labor organizations, breaking strikes, and promoting Legislation (State and National), adverse to the interests of the wage earners of the country.

Very little attention was given the organizers of the bona fide Labor movement by the 5,000,000 or more men and women employed by the 4,000 employers which comprise the National Association of Manufacturers. We have heard it said very often that there were nothing to it, it was merely a canard sent out by the Labor Movement for propaganda purposes, that the members of the Manufacturers' Association was not opposed to organized Labor, they did not care whether their employees were Trade Unionists or not, and further that their position on the Labor question was merely one of protection for the non-unionists who desired to work without being compelled to join a trade union.

This bunk was handed out by the representatives of the Manufacturers' Association and passed among their employees so often that many of the employees looked upon the organizers of the Labor Movement as a bunch of grafters who were merely looking to get the initiation fees and the monthly dues from them to spend for their own amusement and maintenance. That the Manufacturers' Association, with their well filled purse, the contents of which was used to hamper the progress of the Labor Movement, was successful to a great extent cannot be denied and while the officers of the American Federation of Labor and the various International Unions were aware of the corrupt tactics used by the Manufacturers' Association through their paid agents, the rank and file of the organized Labor Movement and the public in general might never have known the true facts had not Col. Martin M. Mulhall who, for ten years was a lobbyist, field worker and strike breaker for the National Manufacturers' Association, recently made a clean breast of his actions in the interests of that Association, it is an amazing narrative and appeared in part in the Cleveland Plain Dealer, Sunday, June 29th, 1913, and is copyrighted by the New York World.

Col. Mulhall states that the National Manufacturers' Association was solely responsible for the creation of the tariff commission during the administration of President Taft, the object of which being to forestall revision of the tariff existing at that time.

He also gives the names of congressmen, ex-members of Congress, whom he states received financial reward from the aforesaid association for services rendered or for political purposes.

The Colonel also states that a person known as Mr. X was intrusted with the task of attempting to bribe President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor for which \$40,000 was appropriated by the National Manufacturers' Association. This effort was fully exposed by President Gompers at the Norfolk Convention of the American Federation of Labor and substantiated by Vice President James Duncan and several others who were brought on the scene by President Gompers while the effort was being made to bribe him, for the purpose of getting sufficient proof to have the would-be briber arrested and punished as well as exposing the interests he represented.

The Colonel gives the names of Congressmen who were blacklisted by N. M. A. and opposed in their respective districts for re-election because they took the side of organized labor and opposed the tactics of the N. M. A.

He further states that Congressman James T. McDermott, Fourth Congressional District of Illinois, an avowed champion of Labor in the House of Representatives, was in the employ of the lobby of the N. M. A. in Washington. He also states that former Congressmen James E. Watson, John J. Jenkins, Kittredge Haskins, Charles E. Littlefield, Harry M. Bannon, Henry M. Coudry, J. J. Gardner, Ralph D. Cole worked in the interests of the N. M. A. in Washington, D. C. The Colonel also gives the names of some of the men placed on the black list of the N. M. A. Among them is Congressman John L. Burnett, Former Congressman Henry L. Maynard, Speaker Champ Clark, Congressman A. Cooper, Former Congressman Thomas D. Nichols, Herbert Parsons, W. D. Wilson, now Secretary of Labor, George D. Pearre, John Killiher, Congressman W. S. Green, Gilbert N. Hangen, former United States Senator Louis E. McComas, United States Senator Wm. Hughes, President Samuel Gompers, John Mitchell and Frank Morrison of the American Federation of Labor.

Col. Mulhall's narrative to the New York World is backed up by more than 20,000 letters, telegrams, reports, telegram expense accounts and corroborative memorandum and he states he is actuated by a two-fold purpose, the first is to render a service to the public by disclosing the identities and undertakings of the men at the head of this powerful organization in the United States, the second and, to his mind the most important, purpose is to compel reform of the evils revealed by him. He further states he has personal knowledge and accounts to show that during his lobby, political and strike breaking work for the National Manufacturers' Association he paid out to accomplish the purpose of that association a sum approximating \$200,000, all of which was supplied him by officials of the Association.

The Colonel's story, we are glad to state, is going to be investigated by committees of the House and Senate. We believe it will be gone into in detail and all the men mentioned will be forced to tell all they know about it. If it is we are sure it will open the eyes of the fair-minded public to the unlawful and un-American abuses the Labor Movement as represented by the American Federation of Labor has been subjected to by this gigantic organization of capital, and the poor overworked and underpaid men and women employed by the members of the N. M. A., will assert their freedom and rights and join the organization of their respective crafts under the banner of the American Federation of Labor and compel their employers to give them fair compensation for the work they perform.

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We have a nice, healthy and fast growing organization, that is successfully overcoming all obstacles placed in its way by the Secessionists and their sympathizers, the most skeptical of our delegates to the Boston Convention will be surprised when they compare the general condition of our Brotherhood at the present time, with its general condition at the time the Secession movement occurred.

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Have you ever thought that without the aid and support of the Central Labor Union and Building Trades Council of your city, that your Local Union would not be enjoying the present condition. Don't be ungrateful and pull away from them now that you are at peace with your employers, and remember you may need their assistance again.

The return to the Brotherhood of Local Union No. 7, Springfield, Mass.; 211, Atlantic City, N. J. and the reorganization of the Electrical Workers of Des Moines, Iowa under Local Union No. 51, will bring forth the usual denials from the Seceders that nothing of the kind has occurred and no doubt many of their followers will fall for it, but again **Facts are Facts.**

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All delegates should remember that our present laws will be our guide from the beginning of our Convention until the close, and not come to Boston with the idea that they can side track our present laws to suit their convenience.

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Are you going to be represented at the Convention of your respective State Federation of Labor. It is your duty to send delegates and help along the good work, the cost will not be much and your Local will be doing its duty.

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It is the duty of all journeymen to teach their helpers the trade thoroughly, so that they will be competent mechanics when they have served the required time. Remember you were a helper once and appreciated the advice and teachings of the journeyman you worked with.

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Wise men in a fight know when they are beat and quit. Then they begin immediately to build new fortifications stronger than the previous ones they fought behind. When they are finished they start a new battle and as a general rule they are victorious.

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The more delegates there are the more pleased will be the convention committee of our Boston Local Unions. The convention committee has a program arranged that will prove a surprise to all.

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Our sisters in Boston are preparing to entertain the delegates and their better halves. They have several surprises in store for us. We got this confidential, so don't tell any one.

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How are you getting along with those amendments to our Constitution. Remember they must be in the possession of the International Secretary before the Convention.

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It is important that the Examining Board of your Local plays no favorites. A square deal is due every applicant and you should see that they get it.

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Read the statement of the San Francisco Building Trades Council on the San Francisco situation. Yes, Facts are Facts and you cannot get away from them.

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Ask for the Union Label in the summer months as well as in the winter months. You can never get so hot nor so cold that you cannot perform that small duty.

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Local Unions should send the names and addresses of the delegates elect to the Boston Convention to our I. S. immediately.

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Some Local Unions make the mistake of increasing their wage scale at the sacrifice of their working conditions.

**LOCAL Union Official**  
*Receipts up to and in-  
 cluding the 10th of the  
 current month* ■ ■ ■

L. U.	From	To		
1	292231	292450	187	276088 270101
6	291218	291750	190	79121
6	341251	341405	190	79155
7	42261	42300	190	79203
7	376501	376540	190	79263 79265
8	108454	108525	190	79273 79475
9	219661	219750	194	345751 345780
9	158251	158290	226	308306 308320
12	217786	217792	233	347294 347298
17	332579	332840	234	141033 141046
20	98232	98250	236	237978 238008
20	172501	172570	247	314928 315000
22	149046	149100	247	367501 367922
26	306195	306324	247 Sub.	247216 247352
34	136195	136272	249	230343 230350
38	336937	337025	252	110339 110348
41	371275	371474	254	130089 130226
41	371504	371505	255	205744
49	75592	75676	255	205780 205800
51	377251	377294	257	99795
52	334587	334696	257	99798 99803
56	181211	181320	259	50583 50612
60	189111	189126	261	337531 337640
61	275511	275610	262	118009 118013
64	186340	186375	267	307061 307230
66	325531	325541	270	23067 23086
68	318111	318170	282	90402 90432
69	301740	301811	305	254403 254472
72	157718	157739	319	218382 218391
78	151884	151911	321	287296 287309
80	30073	30084	323	253591 253620
85	331892	332121	327	340501 340549
86	315107	315206	335	220782 220795
96	212143	212211	336	64790 64815
98	313697	313800	340	238800 238881
100	89603	89633	340	238715
102	175392	175451	349	94477 94491
103	259681	259947	358	41452 41455
104	311165		358	41457 41476
104	311204	311206	361	26618 26635
104	311215	311250	362	279054 279097
104	368251	368530	369	285293 285386
110	37098	37175	377 Sub.	170331 170360
116	35431	36450	384	160631 160640
117	209583	209589	390	226672
124	277324	277437	390	226684 226699
130	302393	302430	392	297851 297956
133	223619	223629	396	286111 286282
136	273299	273321	402	29906 29922
140	32115	32172	403	280604 280650
142	316621	317193	404	256336 256420
149	93627	93638	410	311414 311554
164	305413	205468	419	286537 286658
168	162845		423	261071 261082
175	195955	195966	425	147149 147160
183	305324	305347	426	252013 252019
184	232637	232646	427	304592 304616
186	202649	202652	442	289387 289500
			442	339001 339160
			442 Sub.	276331 276335
			442 Sub.	276338 276385
			444	40707 40718
			453	300800 300801
			453	300803 300809
			454	249909 249920
			461	309803 309822
			463	247754 247800
			464	322128 322267

464	Sub.....	345171	345225	L. U. No. 51—No. 377284 to include 377291.
470	.....	163675	.....	L. U. No. 116—No. 36430.
470	.....	163677	163711	L. U. No. 175—No. 195961 to include 195965.
471	.....	231781	231791	L. U. No. 184—No. 232641 to include 232645.
474	.....	224837	224901	L. U. No. 190—No. 79309, 316, 318, 320, 396, 413.
476	.....	326251	326277	L. U. No. 233—No. 347294, 95.
481	.....	342201	342375	L. U. No. 234—No. 141035.
485	.....	330020	330027	L. U. No. 234—No. 141041 to include 141045.
488	.....	330773	330805	L. U. No. 305—No. 254404 to include 254407.
490	.....	336015	336027	L. U. No. 305—No. 254411 to include 254424.
492	.....	344251	344319	L. U. No. 305—No. 254426 to include 254441.
493	.....	346501	346539	L. U. No. 305—No. 254443 to include 254451.
494	.....	271256	271404	L. U. No. 305—No. 254453 to include 254456.
495	.....	348001	348020	L. U. No. 305—No. 254458.
499	.....	353340	353406	L. U. No. 305—No. 254460 to include 254463.
501	.....	321241	321406	L. U. No. 305—No. 254467.
502	.....	356251	356260	L. U. No. 323—No. 253591, 594, 601, 619.
505	.....	366001	366021	L. U. No. 358—No. 41473, 74, 75.
527	.....	299341	299322	L. U. No. 390—No. 226684.
527	.....	299331	299353	L. U. No. 392—No. 297952 to include 297955.
528	.....	131094	131110	L. U. No. 423—No. 261070.
534	.....	14629	15037	L. U. No. 474—No. 224701 to include 224866.
535	.....	373501	.....	L. U. No. 493—No. 346520, 530.
536	.....	307605	.....	L. U. No. 527—No. 299341, 43, 44, 45, 47, 48, 49, 52.
536	.....	307609	307657	L. U. No. 536—No. 307653, 54, 55.
541	.....	98595	98624	L. U. No. 595—No. 313052, 104, 109, 111, 112, 135, 140.
560	.....	328501	328520	L. U. No. 696—No. 129637, 38.
565	.....	320788	321009	L. U. No. 716—No. 312124.
565	.....	383251	383256	
581	.....	46861	46897	
583	.....	298607	298616	
588	.....	64071	64086	
591	.....	333798	333832	
592	.....	234095	234109	
595	.....	313044	313163	
617	.....	118655	118671	
620	.....	60178	60191	
625	.....	342755	342766	
643	Sub.....	168191	168210	
644	.....	304232	304414	
648	.....	43419	43424	
658	.....	300057	300072	
664	.....	195343	195404	
666	.....	256655	256833	
667	.....	53922	53925	
668	.....	53391	53400	
668	.....	339751	339757	
675	.....	83401	83446	
677	.....	150864	150865	
677	.....	150883	150912	
679	.....	81198	81212	
680	.....	257314	257323	
682	.....	69998	70009	
696	.....	129613	129649	
699	.....	117174	117178	
702	.....	106221	106232	
707	.....	109365	109390	
713	.....	292771	292910	
714	.....	236724	236790	
716	.....	312125	312260	
718	.....	79745	79757	
719	.....	91671	91685	
722	.....	150197	.....	
722	.....	150206	150241	

## MISSING RECEIPTS.

L. U. No. 20—No. 98243.  
L. U. No. 38—No. 336936.

## VOID RECEIPTS.

L. U. No. 7—376508, 42271, 79, 65.  
L. U. No. 20—No. 172504, 509, 510, 551.  
L. U. No. 51—No. 377282.  
L. U. No. 102—175396, 175440.  
L. U. No. 104—No. 368290, 331, 391, 434.  
L. U. No. 142—No. 316759, 838.  
L. U. No. 142—No. 317141.  
L. U. No. 305—254444.  
L. U. No. 327—No. 340502.  
L. U. No. 410—No. 311543, 465.  
L. U. No. 476—No. 326275, 267.  
L. U. No. 534—No. 14704, 14766, 14980.  
L. U. No. 666—No. 256657, 680, 688, 712, 744, 750.  
L. U. No. 677—No. 150865.

## BLANK RECEIPTS.

L. U. No. 7—No. 376520, 539, 540.  
L. U. No. 56—No. 181265, 87, 92.  
L. U. No. 78—No. 151909.  
L. U. No. 390—No. 226636.



## Correspondence



Editor:

Local Union No. 1, I. B. E. W. and Sub-Local Union No. 1 of L. U. No. 1, I. B. E. W., are just now in a fight and have about all they can attend to. The Southwestern Telegraph and Telephone Co., with their billions of dollars, are hard to handle. Too many men think more of a dollar than of the sufferings caused to their fellows.

The May Worker is a good one. Brother McNulty has his subject well in hand and all will benefit by reading same and bear in mind the suggestions. Brother John T. Fennell has at last opened his eyes and in his happy and in an instructive way given to the readers one of the finest letters published, but he has no edge on Baldy.

The girls of St. Louis will compare favorably with any in the world, and Baldy is candidate for Business Agent. I have been in a number of strikes and must say that our sweet things are enthusiastic and effective pickets. The police have changed their tactics and are now treating them fair. Of all low and disgraceful acts on earth I think the lowest is to attempt to defame the good name of a woman. Even though she be a wage earner, and strikes to better conditions and any man or organization of men that stoop so low as to resort to so vile a practice, should be defeated in every undertaking. The saying a corporation has no soul, is verified here by the actions of chief operators of the Southwestern Telegraph and Telephone Co. Who not only state the girls are inefficient but of loose character. I sincerely hope the tongues of those making such remarks may become paralyzed. It is a gross injustice I know. Much of my time is spent day and night with the girls, and I have my first case of even indiscreet action of any one of the girls to see. As I am called an old veteran I think I am a pretty good judge. It is with great pride that I am identified with the telephone operators. The public seem to be slow to see. The newspapers are as fair as they can commercially be. Unions don't place full page advertisements and in consequence must not expect laudable news items to be very prominently placed.

Bro. Jas. P. Noonan's work is arduous and he is on the job all the time. The dual organization is scabbing on the girls and men. Their leader is a scab of the

first water, and for fear some might not know who he is, I will tell you. His name Harry Myers, President of District Council No. 5 of the Reid-Murphy faction. There are good men in the rank and file, but they have been led by just such men and gone blindly on. I know plenty honest men in their ranks, but the first impression is hard to erase, and harder with a man of good principle than others. Don't let a chance slip to serve the ladies. When they are thoroughly organized it will be easy sailing for the men. When you are helping the girls you are not only helping yourself but doing your duty and I find it a mighty pleasant duty.

Local Union No. 1, I. B. E. W. has proven to the entire Labor movement that they are men, and ready to take the grievances of the ladies in hand and fight to a finish. The response of the trades here is grand. No lines are drawn and the sky is the limit. Some of the old grizzled veterans are as enthusiastic as the young men. The Bridge and Structural Iron Workers deserve special mention. The carpenters are with us to a man. The Brewery Workers are substantial in their support. The Bricklayers have done much and promise more. In fact every trade, no matter what affiliation are on the firing line and say, go to it, and we will be with you until you win. East St. Louis is solid for the I. B. E. W. and L. U. No. 1, but favor Sub. L. U. No. 1 of L. U. No. 1 and I don't blame them. I never saw a finer lot of girls and young women banded together. I am going to stay for the finish, and hope the entire labor movement will keep at it until all women are placed beyond the possibility of persecution by employers. God will guide our efforts for they are a combination of religion as taught and commercialism as it should be practised. Work in St. Louis is good. There is no boom, but a good steady call for men and as per the constitution No. 1 is not receiving traveling cards. Owing to the strike some things may be passed over and mistakes made, but be lenient as No. 1 desires to be fair with all, and will correct any mistakes if brought to their notice. I hope to live to see the day that all disputes between employer and employe will be adjusted by arbitration. For strikes are like Sherman said about war Hell.

I will close by giving you the names of

the successful candidates at our recent election.

President, J. T. Osborn.

Vice President, Claud Williamson.

Financial Secretary, W. B. Smith.

Recording Secretary, Hugh Aird.

Treasurer, C. W. Murphy.

Foreman, Will Mahoney.

First Inspector, Jas. Elkington.

Second Inspector, C. Ledbetter.

Executive Board, J. C. Murphy, Fred Fein, Wm. Cull, Gus Schmidt, E. S. Wood, Chas. Raymond, J. P. McLean, I. P. Lepper and J. A. Averbek.

Examining Board, Ed Reinhardt, Leo Steele, Roy Hopkins, R. P. Underwood, Harry Faig, Wm. Dixon, J. A. Averbek, and Joe Brown.

Business Agent, Arthur Schading.

Delegates to B. T. Council, A. Schading and his assistant, J. W. Foster, E. Lockman and W. S. Peebles.

Delegates to C. T. & C. U., Hubert Morrison, W. S. Peebles and Claud Williamson.

Delegates to International Convention, H. J. Morrison, Jas. McGee, Geo. Heath, J. M. Thompson and W. S. Peebles.

One Trustee (3 years), Ed Brinkman, Press Secretary, W. S. Peebles.

Delegates to East St. Louis B. T. C., Fred Fein, E. R. Patty.

All look good and were elected by handsome majorities.

I am,

Yours fraternally,  
W. S. Peebles.

L. U. NO. 20, NEW YORK CITY.

Editor:

Having been a good while since you have heard from our Local. I think it is a good idea to let the Brothers know we are still doing business. We have had several open meetings lately and the result is that we have gained quite a few new members as well as a lot of old ones. Enclosed is a report of two of the trials of men who have been injured on the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad which, we ask, be published in The Worker for July.

With fraternal greetings, I remain,

Yours,

Walter F. Young,

Rec. Secy. L. U. No. 20.

Editor:

Kindly publish the following in the Official Journal as a contribution from Local No. 51.

Am sure some of our brothers will be pleased to learn that we have installed a boni fide Local in the City of Des Moines. This being the capital city of the State of Iowa, and our new Local being the only boni fide organization in the State, we feel sure that the other

towns will do likewise, when they begin to realize how they are being deceived and held back, to benefit the greed and disrupting tactics of their leaders. When I came to Des Moines the Local of the Seceding faction had a closed shop agreement signed and were getting \$4.00 for 8 hours' work. Their agreement expired and their leaders told them not to ask for more money or better conditions, or in fact any change in the agreement, but to ask only for a renewal of the old one, which when presented to the contractors was refused. We were out two week and the so-called leaders fearing they might be ask to extend some aid began to paint pictures of a long, dreary strike and telling the men that they had no chance whatever to win so advised them to return to work under an open shop agreement, telling them they could keep out the non-card man, and to refuse to work on the jobs with them, which in doing so, they would have to deal with their employer individually, and you can readily see what the result would be. So now the city is full of scabs of all descriptions. I received the support of a couple of the members, and we put the facts squarely before all the members individually, so there were rumors afloat that we were going to try and have the Local reaffiliate with the Brotherhood, so the whole Reid-Murphy combine were at once notified to be on hand to keep guard and to spill a few more of their "spicy stories" as usual.

When the proposition was brought up the "hero of the day" as their "shining star of unionism," Mr. Fitzgerald, arose and gave orders that any man bringing it up would be suspended, and had his heavy gang by his side to see that his orders were carried out.

If they are what they claim they are, why didn't he say come on men, let's investigate this proposition and let me show you we are right?

No! As usual, they resorted to their bull-doing tactics. There was nothing left for us to do but to place the Brotherhood's charter here and start a new Local, which we have successfully done with 30 out of 45 of their inside men and have quite a number of new members.

We have no doubt but what few that is left will soon see their mistake and march with us to the goal of success. under the original Brotherhood. They as usual boasted that they were so strongly fortified that it was impossible for us to start a new Local here, and now they are telling their pupils that we wont be recognized by the Building Trades or the Labor Assembly, that we will then fade away as we came, which is absurd, as they must seat our delegates, as we are the larger organization, and as we are, the real bona fide organization and af-

filiated with the American Federation of Labor. They know as well as we, that it has been demonstrated that we must be seated or the Council's charter will be revoked. But they are in their glory, when they can cause disruption in any organization. So let us wonder what kind of story they are preparing to tell their followers when our delegates are seated. They have made the usual predictions, that they are going to run the ring leaders out of the State. Seeing their disastrous ending they are getting desperate and don't hesitate to say they are "going to get some of the boys."

Instead of putting up a logical argument for their disrupting cause and trying to persuade the men to come back, they resort to those unsuccessful tactics. We have had no representative from the Grand office and are doing exceedingly well under the circumstances, and expect to secure good conditions under the banner of the original Brotherhood. Hoping for a continued success of the Brotherhood, I am,

Fraternally,

H. H. Broach.

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**L. U. NO. 66, HOUSTON, TEXAS.**

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To the Editor:

As our Press Secretary has left us on account of accepting employment elsewhere, the task of writing a letter for The Worker has fallen to my lot, as I am a little stale along this line I will endeavor to do the best I can, and I hope all the Brothers will be satisfied with that.

At the present writing, Local No. 66 is getting along nicely, all of the Brothers working, and that's more than I can say for the Reid bunch. They call us the Local with seven members—that's one thing that is worrying them—they can't find out how many members we have, nor is it any of their business, as the Brothers are all loyal to their obligations and keep things a secret from the outside. The old saying is "When you hit a dog he howls," so we must have hit them, for they have sure howled, and are still howling. As to the number I would a great deal rather be in a local with seven good loyal Brothers and good union men that to be in a hall with fifty card men, as I consider there is a big difference between a union man and a card man—it's not the quantity that counts—it's the quality. If I don't mention Brother Lee Myers using his foot for a gangplank he is liable to get sore at me. Brother Myers is stout and husky, but his foot would not hold up a reel of No. 00 copper so he could load same on the wagon, nevertheless, after being confined to his room for several

days, he is now back on the job, and says he will never do it again.

I am glad to read of the success our International President had during his trip through the Western Coast country, also our Vice President Bugniazet through the East, but I don't approve of the name he used for the seceders—that of mud slingers. I think he used most too mild a name for some of them, at least, as I happened to come in contact with some of their general officers, and I find they will do most anything except the RIGHT THING and to stick to their word—as Reid stated here in June, 1911, that he would abide by the decision of the Cleveland Courts regardless of whom they went against—also stated the same thing on the floor at the Rochester convention. Did he do it, or will he ever do it? Not as long as he can handle the blind fold and spread the Bull so he can slip the special assessments to the bunch, which they go down in their jeans and pay, and wonder how much it will be the next month. Slip it to them Jimmie. They don't mind it if they are all as easy as the bunch here.

I happened to get into quite an argument with J. W. Murphy here last July, in which he said he had something on foot that we would all be under one head in less than six months, but McNulty would not have the linemen under any consideration, nor wouldn't have the District Council plan, but when I slipped him a communication from our Vice President, J. P. Noonan, which contradicted his word, he changed his argument which they will all do, when we pin them down.

I hope the Editor won't fall out with me for taking up so much space, especially in regard to the Seceders, and hope to see a letter from all Press Secretaries in our next issue of The Worker.

Wishing the best of success to our international officers, and the rank and file as a whole, I remain, as ever in F. C. & B.

C. A. Boatman,

Press Secretary Local No. 66, I. B. E. W.

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**L. U. NO. 69, DALLAS, TEXAS.**

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To the Editor Electrical Workers:

As Dallas is a city of 100,000 and has two large electric light plants—one the Dallas Electric Light and Power Co., the other the Dallas Ice, Light and Power Co., employing quite a number of men the year round and only about 30 per cent organized, also have two telephone companies—the Dallas Automatic Telephone Company and the South Western Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, which is about 40 per cent or-



ganized and most of these men are employed by the Automatic Company.

Up to this day we had not been able to organize the operators, but are considering this matter at this time. There is also two construction companies here doing quite a bit of work as the city is having all overhead wires put under ground. One of these is the Stone & Webster, the other the Texas Light and Power Company which do overhead construction for interurban lines throughout this State. They are about 60 per cent organized, also have about twenty-five electric wiring and electric supply and repair shops about 90 per cent organized, also three telegraph companies, the Mackey and Postal and Western Union, and about 10 per cent organized, so you see that there is quite a bit of work to do, to bring about a better condition for the electrical workers in this city without having to force the so-called good union men of this country in line with the bonified organization of electrical workers of which every man in the electrical business should be. We are not much behind the times. Dallas has a Central Labor Council and a Building Trades Council that has been loyal to organization, and if there were a few more like them the secession movement would soon be a thing of the past. There was a big gun fired in Seattle, Wash., not long ago. A few of the fragments fell in Dallas, after looking them over, we laid them on the table. Our business agent had a call up to Dennison, Texas. The secessionist had the town closed against one of our men, wanted him to pay them to work there, but the result was that they was ousted out of the Central Labor Council and the Building Trades Council and told to get in line. Brothers, let our motto be united we stand and long as we work hand in hand. We will have a better condition for every man. Dallas has a Lineman's Local No. 490 here, composed of some of the best and oldest union men in this part of the country, and they believe in the principles of the American Federation of Labor, and with the support of the trades here they have set aside the other organization, known as chickens and bull dogs and progress.

H. E. Cooper,  
Pres.-Sec. Local No. 69.

#### L. U. NO. 110, ST. PAUL, MINN.

Editor Electrical Worker::

Greeting—Just a few lines to The Worker this month to let you know that Local Union No. 110 is still among the live ones up here, since writing last for The Worker, will state that we reached a peaceful wage agreement with every

Electrical Contractor in the city of St. Paul, our new agreement took effect May 1, journeyman to receive \$3.75, helpers of two years or more \$3.20, 8 hours, time and one half, and double time for Sundays and all legal holidays, including the closed shop, so as not to have you misconstrue this last part, I will state that it means, the shops are closed against Reid-Murphy men just as they are against anyone else not a member of the Brotherhood, when you work in this town for a contractor you will carry a card from Local No. 110, or you will move on, better remember this if you are thinking of coming this way.

Well, all that Bunk you have seen published in the scandalizer about how the Reid local was coming to the front here, for your information, will state that they have about ceased to exist, their hustling Business Agent as they called him, is now back working with the tools again, and has been for about two months, and from what I learn from some of their men who have joined No. 110 of late, they are so far in debt, that they never will be able to pay up, the two light companies where most of their men were employed, have laid off all but about one small crew, so they all blew, and left the thing in the hole proper, and what few members they did have left are from 6 to 12 months in arrears with a possible exception of 8 or 10, so you can see that our opposition along that line has long passed, it probably might be better for Mr. Floyd to get back here and find something to write bunk stuff for the Budget-Scandalizer.

And to show you what a loyal bunch they are, the ones Mr. Floyd organized in Minneapolis which he boasted so much about when he succeeded in getting a portion of the members of loyal Local No. 24 to heed to his wandering mind, when after several of his would be clever tricks to swing the local to the Seceders, and failing in every attempt.

He then started a local under the banner of secessionism, the result of this local, was the means of finally breaking up Local No. 24, but one thing sure, we never give Floyd the chance to say he swung them over as was the height of his ambition.

After this local of seceders was going for a while, and some of the members who left No. 24 to go with it, and remember had held good jobs with the different companies in Minneapolis for years, and had been members of Local No. 24 of the Brotherhood, they lost their jobs, without any reason other than they had this Reid card, and when they reported same to the Dear Local, and asked that something be done, why it was time for everybody to go home, and they have

never received any support from the Reid local yet today, and we wonder why the Great Floyd don't step in and assist those men in getting their jobs back, our only answer is, that he is probably too busy attending a banquet in Duluth which is a more suitable climate than Minneapolis.

How would you like to belong to that kind of a local? Where there is not the slightest principle of real Trade Unionism shown, let some Contractor in St. Paul tie a can to one of our members for carrying a card and believe me we will ruff the fur the wrong way on him and that quick, we have enough trade union principles in our make-up in this city to stand for our rights, and we don't have to affiliate with a bunch of strike breakers to do it either.

Well Mr. Seceder, better get ready to celebrate your next court decision in October, why you know you cannot lose, because your Beloved General President has told you that you cannot, and you know as well as I do he has never told you over three million lies so far, that is, that is all that I can account for, probably he has told you a few more in secret that he has not let me in on, but all you poor Muts have to do is to pay your per capita tax and all the assessments that Jimmie wishes to levy, and soak up all the hot air he wishes hand out to you.

It looks to me that it is about time you were awaking to the fact of the position you are in, and get affiliated with the organization that can give you some protection, and has a standing in the Trade Union Movement, don't be like a licked pup, have to skulk around by yourself and afraid to look a good sincere Trade Unionist in the face, get in line with them, do as other people do, show to the world that you no longer wish to be a professional pessimist, and that you are in the future going to work to build your conditions, instead of following a bunch of labor pirates whose sole ambition is to destroy the great principle of organized labor, and in its place substitute a movement run on the principles advocated by Emma Goldman, or some other fanatic Nut, who wants you to pay their salary for tearing down the conditions that you probably have spent years in building up. GET WISE, GET RIGHT.

In conclusion, and not wishing to burden you further, let me say, that remember when you hit St. Paul, don't have the name of Murphy on your card, for it takes real money here to work with that kind of a ticket, work here is a little slack just now, but the prospects are bright for something to open up before very long. So with best wishes for the

future success of our Brotherhood under the Banner of the Great American Federation of Labor, and trusting to see a few lines in The Worker each month from all Local Union, I beg to remain,

Fraternally yours,

Frank Fisher,

Business Agent Local Union No. 110.

#### L. U. NO. 194, SHREVEPORT, LA.

##### To Electrical Workers:

On July 7, 1913, Sub-Local No. 194 was installed in our hall by State President Greer of the State Federation of Labor. Twenty-three girls from the Home Telephone Company were installed. After they were initiated, the members of No. 194 served refreshments and all had a fine time.

The labor of the hall committee seemed to give satisfaction. We rented a room in the Filliguer Building. This room is ours for the whole time—night and day. Our committee purchased tables, desks, chairs and other furniture, and we are comfortably fixed. The telephone girls will meet with us.

We are getting a fine library and are doing good work with our lectures. Our International President has expressed the views of this local in his article in our last Worker. We believe that a card in our union should be the best recommendation a man could have.

Brothers, we are in a line of work that requires as good men as any other craft. The members of this Brotherhood should realize the opportunities offered by this craft. We find here that the boys do not study enough, but we think that our examinations and our library will correct this.

We are all in hopes that it will not be long before we will have a united Brotherhood. Work is good and most of our members are working.

Success to all.

Morris Chambers,  
Financial Secretary.

#### ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

##### Greetings:

Well, Brother Editor and Brothers here are a few lines from No. 211. Yes! We are now members of the old Brotherhood, took a decisive vote on the question at our meeting of July 1st.

The vote taken was 37 to 17 and although not unanimous it showed clearly which way our sentiments lean.

We are sorry that no effort was made previous to June 10th to explain certain matters to us as we would then have been entitled to a delegate to the Boston convention.

I would like to say just here that Or-

ganizer Brother Smith did all a man could do to show us why we were on the wrong side of this controversy, but the Brothers must bear in mind that L. U. No. 211 has been a fighting Local for the so-called Reid-Murphy faction ever since the origin of the split in the old I. B. E. W. and therefore could not be convinced without being clearly shown the circumstances surrounding the situation as it exists today.

Now Brothers our object locally is to make this section of the country absolutely closed to the scab and get the highest wage scale possible and nationally we desire a fully united Brotherhood so that we can present a solid front to those who would exploit us.

In conclusion I would ask our sister Locals to do all they can to assist us to a seat in the Boston Convention if it is possible to be had.

We ask this for the reason that we feel we could greatly help the general movement for the betterment of conditions.

Hoping this meets with your approval will close wishing you one and all success in your efforts for the closed shop and better conditions.

James B. Cousart,  
Business Agent,  
L. U. No. 211, I. B. E. W.

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L. U. NO. 226 TOPEKA, KAN.

It strikes me that the subject that should interest the Electrical Workers, more than anything else at this time is the split in our organization.

L. U. No. 226 was organized by the Seceders about three years ago when we, the members, knew little or nothing of any factional fight. We were merely organizing to get better conditions locally, in which we have succeeded.

(In the three years we have obtained closed shops all over town, raised the scale from \$2.50 to \$4.00, and cut the hours from 9 to 8).

As soon as we realized that there was internal trouble and that we were Seceders and not members of the bona fide order, we sent for a charter and tried to get right. We are now doing business under the legitimate order of Electrical Workers and have clear consciences.

But we realized when we left the Seceders that we left behind in our opinion some advantages that the laws of the bona fide organization does not provide for, which was the District Council plan of organization which brought us in closer contact with the power that govern and gave us an organizer of our own in times of trouble—an advantage that an international office can't give. We also lost the initiative and referendum and the power to elect international officers direct. We

now realize that we have many things to work for and hope other locals realize it too for we want our organization, the I. B. E. W. to be the best and strongest labor organization in existence as it has a right to be. But we cannot expect it to be so until we have one united Brotherhood instead of two fighting factions.

Factional fighting in any union is a thorn in the flesh to the cause of organized labor and a boon to its enemies.

Organized labor has all it can do in getting fair conditions without demoralizing its powers by internal strife.

Let us all work for a united Brotherhood instead of trying to widen the breach as some of the correspondents to The Worker seem to be doing. Place yourselves in their place, brothers, and see which way abuse would drive you.

The mud slinging tactics of the Reid-Murphy Worker turned the members of No. 226 against Mr. Reid and Mr. Murphy et al.

Whether we stand or fall will depend entirely on ourselves not on what our enemies can do against us.

Let us be big enough to settle this fight as men for the good of organized labor.

Yours for a united Brotherhood,  
J. R. Woodhull,  
L. U. No. 226, Topeka, Kan.

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L. U. NO. 354, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

Editor:

We, the undersigned, wishing that the Brotherhood at Large may know the true state of affairs in Salt Lake City, and, that there may be no reflections cast upon our worthy International Vice President, Bro. L. C. Grasser, do hereby tender you a statement of the trouble we have had, and our ultimate settlement, and request that you cause this to be printed in the next regular issue of our worker.

During the first three months of the year, negotiations were carried on with the Contractors and Local No. 354 for an agreement for 1913. We might state here, that our last year's agreement expired April 1, 1913. We were asking for an increase of from \$4.50 too \$5.00 per day, and among a few other minor conditions, the control of Armature winding in one shop (the largest one in town), (one other shop having been organized in this particular, and no others doing any of this kind of work). The shop in question employs but two men for this class of work, and the work is done in a manufacturing establishment. The Contractors' Association had agreed to grant the increase and all other conditions were agreed upon, but the control of Armature winding. Through the talks

made by a few of the influential members, the Local voted to stand pat for the entire agreement. As a result, negotiations were broken off. And during the same time, all other crafts in the building trades, excepting the Plumbers and the Carpenters, were asking for an increase. As a result of it all, there was formed here a Master Builders' Association, of which practically every Contractor and contracting firm in the city became a member. This association passed a resolution that no Contractor or Builder would be allowed to grant any increase in wages for 1913. This resolution was passed on or about April 1, and as stated above, the Electrical Contractors had offered us the increase asked, and very good working conditions, including a closed shop.

At a special meeting on March 31, the Executive Board was given full power to act for Local No. 354. On April 1, strike was called on one shop. On April 2, one job belonging to another shop was called at 1 p. m., and at 5 p. m. that day, the Contractors declared a general lockout. The other trades agreements did not come up until May 1.

A co-operative shop was installed by the Local, and did some good by giving some members work. At the time our troubles began, there were 110 members enrolled. During the latter part of March the Local, which had been a Reid organization since the time of our international trouble, voted to reaffiliate with McNulty and was paying per capita to both. By June 1 all crafts, excepting the electrical workers, had signed the agreement and returned to work for the 1912 scale. The Building Trade Council was forced to annul the B. T. C. card on account of several trades having withdrawn. The Electrical Contractors had employed and imported a good many scabs, and with practically no support, things did not look very bright for Local No. 354.

On June 9 Bro. Grasser arrived here and at our next regular meeting (June 11), took a decided stand as to which faction the Local intended to stay with. A vote was taken, which resulted in favor of McNulty, 34 to 5. Bro. Grasser then stated that if the Local would give him a committee, he could open negotiations with the Contractors. Bros. Sanders, Derbidge, and McCleary were appointed. A special meeting was called for June 14, at which time the agreement arrived at between the joint committee of the Contractors and the Local was discussed. The committee was instructed to return to the Contractors with further recommendations.

Another special meeting was called for June 16. The committee brought back a

report which was the ultimatum of the Contractors, they having taken that stand as a result of their support by the Master Builders, and a proposed settlement offered them by a Reid representative for the Lineman's scale, which is \$4.32 per day. It looked as though we were forced to accept the Contractors' ultimatum, or see the absolute disruption of the local organization. A vote of the Local was taken to accept or reject the agreement, and by a majority vote, it was accepted. The agreement calls for a closed shop, weekly pay-day, and several things in our favor. The helper situation is well taken care of, and we, like all other trades in this city, had to accept the 1912 scale. We believe, however, that the Local has done the best that could be done at this time, and as we have a closed shop agreement, we can build to a speedy betterment.

Hoping that the Brotherhood will give this Local their earnest support in its fight for the right, we are

Yours fraternally,

D. W. McClury.

L. R. Derbidge.

Strike Committee.

R. D. Coleman,

President.

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L. U. NO. 474, MEMPHIS, TENN.

Editor:

Just a few lines to let the Brotherhood know that No. 474 is still fighting for better conditions in Memphis. On the 9th day of June we cut out the open shop plan and pulled out our men in all shops that didn't agree to work union men only, and pay the scale of \$3.60 per 8 hours which is our scale at present. But we hope to raise it some time in the near future. When we pulled these shops we had four men who stayed on with the bosses, and at the next regular meeting L. U. No. 474 fined them \$50.00 each for scabbing. They are G. P. Campbell, Joe Wenzler, A. V. Nelson and R. E. Feltus. We wish all brothers would take notice to this and give them the hooks whenever you meet them. They are at present working here in scab shops, but in time we will run them out of town. We also enclose a fair list that we have gotten out. Everything is moving along as well as could be expected at present. The Cumberland Telephone Co. got next to about 6 or 8 men whom were working for them that belonged to the Union and discharged them because they were Union men and told them what they discharged them for. So we had the Building Trades Council take the matter up with Mr. Gentry at Atlanta and they still have the

matter in hand and if they can't get any results we propose to get the city administration and the press after them and show the public the phone rates they charge and the wages they pay, as well as the cost of living in Memphis against the cost of living in other cities along with the rates of phones and wages in other cities. So you can depend on it that they are going to deal fair with us or get some unpleasant advertising. We have literally covered this town with our combination fair and unfair list and at the next writing I may be serving time for so doing but let the good work go on and you can rest assured that we will take care of ourselves, regardless of the Contractors' Association.

C. D. Pierce, Press Secretary.

#### L. U. NO. 490, DALLAS, TEXAS.

Editor:

A letter to the Reid Worker of May under the heading of "Dallas, Texas, No. 69," starts off like this: "In view of the fact that our worthy Press Secretary, A. W. Wright, card No. 15295, has lost what reason he was ever credited with having, etc." You will find the letter on page 317 of the May issue of the outlaws publication.

The first mistake that was made was my card No., which is 15394, the next mistake that was made was saying that I had lost my reason.

I notice the letter also boasts of the fact that they were the cause of men with families losing jobs and those men were better union men than the ones who caused their dismissal.

Reid Local No. 69 made a motion to present the Dallas Automatic Telephone Company with an ultimatum which differed considerably with the offer that was made by the president of the company, when the petition was signed by a few of us fellows who had at last learned a little sense, for a charter from the only real organization of electrical workers, the bunch of leaders for Reid in Dallas got busy and called a meeting without notifying but a few of those who they knew would follow along after them and passed a motion to accept the offer from the company unconditionally, the whole transaction was unconstitutional and they know it. The worthy (?) Joe Connor did not trouble to say that he held a seat in the central body here for several months when he knew himself that he had no right to, he was not union man enough to say that he would not accept a place where he had no honorable right to be, but instead he held on until he was forced out. He resigned alright, but he would have only had one more meeting any way, he re-

signed because he had to. Joe was janitor of the building and was admitted to the laborers' union on that account, that is how he happened to hold his seat, as a delegate from that union.

Joe was right about saying that charges was preferred against the members who showed themselves to be men, but the charges was not regular, in fact their whole transactions was strictly against their own constitution.

Joe may boast of the undermining way in which they got the agreement signed with the Automatic and had us fellows dismissed from the service, but he will not boast of the fact that Mr. Casler, the president of the Automatic, has already notified them that he will never sign another agreement with them, he told them that he signed the last one under misrepresentations, so the next one he signed would be a bunch of men who were recognized as union men.

For some time I was away from any working Local Union, and during that time the "split" came and I was ignorant of any of the causes, etc., then when I eventually got back where I could be among the fellows again I deposited my card in a Reid local because there were none other and in fact I knew nothing about the fight until my card was deposited; I soon began to look into the matter as best I could but could get nothing but Reid dope on the matter, so I became a staunch Reid-Murphy man. In November, 1911, I was sent from the Trades and Labor Council of Vancouver, B. C., to the A. F. of L. Convention in Atlanta, Ga., as a Delegate, my trade was not known, consequently I was seated, so then I was in a good position to learn all the facts in the case and before the close of the convention I was thoroughly convinced that I had been misled by having only one side of the question, in other words I knew that I was on the wrong side and it was plain to be seen that the leaders of the side that I was on would never permit a settlement if in their power to prevent it. In fact Reid backed down from his own proposition when the Executive Council of the A. F. of L. recommended that such a course be pursued. I made my opinion known to Frank Sullivan who answered me very fairly and I became convinced that Frank would be foolish to give up a good job, that is to look at it from a personal standpoint, but in my humble opinion, no true union man will stand in the way of a settlement between such a large number of men, and the betterment of conditions all over the continent I do not mean that Frank's resignation would bring about a settlement, but if he would resign for the betterment of the Brotherhood and state

that he knew he was on the wrong side and wanted to redeem himself, then the influence of that action would do a vast amount of good. Frank knows he is wrong, but he is holding on to his job, that's all.

The Reid worker makes an awful holler about what the recognized men are doing on the coast, but says that "our men have no greivance against the Bell Tel. Co. in St. Louis." It also says that the recognized union wants to tear down conditions, etc. Such rot is disgusting to any fair-minded thinker. Be a recognized union man, don't be an out-law; be a man, not a monkey.

A. W. Wright,  
President L. U. No. 490.

#### L. U. NO. 534, NEW YORK CITY.

##### Editor:

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year beginning July 1st, 1913.

President, Chas. J. Reed.

Vice President, Joseph Lawlor.

Recording Secretary, G. W. Whitford.

Financial Secretary, W. A. Hogan.

Treasurer, Eugene Roth.

Inspectors, V. J. Boylan, R. G. Brodsky, James Horan, Edward Hussey.

Foreman, Al. Urbanek.

Trustees, R. J. Baker, John Flanagan, William Schofield.

Business Agents, Paul McNally, John Gallagher, E. J. Gibbons, T. B. Clarke.

Examining Board, Arthur Maves, James Boyne.

Executive Board, Peter Hogan, John Reynolds, John F. Teevan, Chas. DuBourg, Frank Emanuel, Matthew Smith, John Carney, M. J. Conroy, Thomas Nugent.

The following is the report of the now famous "Automobile Committee."

On April 17th, 1913, at a regular meeting of this Local a general discussion took place as to the advisability of purchasing one automobile for the Business Agent of the Long Island District, something like four hundred and ninety miles. A resolution was then made that the chair appoint a committee of five to purchase an automobile and to bring in data on the costs of the different makes of machines, which was unanimously adopted.

The chair appointed the following committee as per the resolution:

Namely, Brothers John Gilvey, Emile Preiss, Fred Smith, Henry Englehardt and R. J. Baker, who immediately got busy and started out to business on April 19th, 1913, with the automobile manufacturers, and from April 21st to May 21st, 1913, they had forty-nine makes of cars on demonstration, going over each District.

At a special meeting held on May 22d, 1913, the committee then made a report

in detail on the costs of the different makes of automobiles.

On June 5th, 1913, at a special meeting the committee made its final report. After a general discussion the committee was instructed to purchase four five-passenger cars, one for each District.

On June 9th, 1913, the committee negotiated with the Hupmobile Company as the committee after all the demonstrations were over, found the Hupmobile five-passenger car proved the most substantial for our use, inasmuch as there is no oil or water pumps, batteries, as it is a bocesh magneto the oil and water is fed on a splash system. As long as the engine is runing there is a continuation of oil and water.

The committee gave further consideration in the make of the machine, not only as to its mechanism, but there is one feature of the machine that cannot be too highly appreciated and recommended and stands to the credit of the maker and an honor to the Business Agents that are to use them and to the members and that is this, in but a few words:

They are union made, which speaks for itself.

Now to let the brothers know where the machines are to be used and who the famous drivers are:

##### District No. 1.

Paul McNally, the clever manipulator, who covers from the Battery East and West to the South side of 59th street, practically the financial district, and it will be a pleasant sight to our members, to see him with his watchful eye, and his determined look which means I am on the job, and if anything that will be of benefit to the organization, misses him it won't be for the want of carfare. Here's luck to you (old man) no offense on the old man part. Trusting that you will not fill up the car with some of the gold down below the dead line, hey, do not forget to keep the oil lamps well filled in order to keep in with J. D. or he may give you a call if you do not use enough of his oil and gasoline.

##### District No. 2.

John Gallagher, who covers from 59th street to Buffalo, New York., so the Associated Press has it. B. A. Gallagher has been a serious problem for the automobile committee, as he was fed on Tough Club meat, which bends but never breaks. But we are sorry to say that one of the wheels did on one of the demonstration cars, while our friend, Bro. Gallagher was occupying the car. After this accident befell him the committee then took into serious consideration the question of furnishing his car with wheels that would be able to stand the pressure of one thousand pounds to the square inch, they came to the conclusion that the only wheel that

would meet the condition herein mentioned was the truck wheels used by the famous Brewer Peter Doelger. Question how to procure same. Fortunate for the committee that they had a good German as Secretary of committee, namely, Bro. Emile Preiss, who talked beer dutch to Peter who was only to glad to present Bro. Gallagher with four truck wheels taken from his largest truck.

#### District No. 3.

E. J. Gibbons, who covers part of Brooklyn, all of Staten Island, and part of Newbergs, our contractor friend of Brooklyn, and last but not least Coney Island, the famous world-wide known summer resort. It will be a grand sight to see Brother Gibbons on the Municipality Ferry Boats with his pleasant smile listening to the roar of the beautiful waters, and then the smile fades on landing, he finds himself unable to move his car, and to hear the howling mob behind him saying get a horse or telephone to the Buffalo Club for help. Never mind, Ed, me boy, it won't be long until the Irish will build a bridge for your special privilege so high that you will be unable to hear the howling mob. How'd your wish Ed, never mind you will make the non-union man in your faraway territory wish that you had never got an automobile.

#### District No. 4.

Thomas Brawaith Clarke, who covers all of Long Island clear to Montauk Point, and part of Brooklyn some ground to cover, and between jobs while traveling his district all he will see and hear is the songs of the birds and the swaying of the trees, not even a chance to blow himself to a ice cream soda or a glass of buttermilk. We have been informed that he is going to carry a bottle of milk and some Uneeda biscuits in case of a break down. The committee after careful observation in the past of different makes of rubber heels that he wore on each meeting night, which any one will agree with us never cost more than fifty (50) cents at the most. Now, Brother Tom, our rubber tires cost (\$25.00) per which is a big difference as to cost, so go light on our tires Tom, or we will have to cut you down to a pair of rubber tired roller skates, as you know what was said at the meeting about the man who sold fresh eggs in his leisure time with his automobile. So beware, Tom.

In making this report the committee has tried to do its duty as they saw it irrespective of the consequences, and now that their work is at an end, and that everybody is happy and satisfied, they feel that they have been amply paid for

the work they have done and believe it will be a great benefit to the organization.

Respectfully submitted,

John Gilvey, Chairman,  
Emile Preiss, Secretary,  
Fred Smith,  
Henry Englehardt,  
R. J. Baker,

Committee.

#### L. U. NO. 703, EDWARDSVILLE, ILL.

Editor:

After reading an article by Brother Pangborn of L. U. No. 98, I cannot but express my views in regard to the Reid-Murphy proposition. I am not an old timer in regard to membership in the I. B. E. W., but I had sworn that as long as the I. B. E. W. was at war within its own ranks, I would never become a member.

But after the A. F. of L. commenced recognizing the McNulty faction and being a member of the A. F. of L. at that but still in the electrical business. I decided that I was safe in becoming a member of the McNulty faction and followed that decision as soon as I could, I have not, do not, and will not regret what I have done in this matter.

But to the point. The Reid-Murphy faction have had their chance, and threw it away. They did not lose it.

The only way I can see to handle this matter from now on is as follows:

First. Re-elect our present International officers from A. to Z. with our praise and thanks for what they have done and our best wish for their future success.

Second. See to it that Art. No. 17 of our constitution does not so much as lose one comma or period.

The A. F. of L. and Courts of Law have settled this. So let it be.

Change our by-laws, but let Art. 17 still look natural.

Enact laws to give our Sister Operators' L. U. of their own and give them moral and financial support to the last ditch.

Don't whip the devil around the stump. Get busy.

With best wishes to all Brothers and Sisters, I am

Faternally yours,

H. M. Hills,

Rec. Secy L. U. No. 703,  
116 West St., Edwardsville, Ill.

## L. U. NO. 716, HOUSTON, TEXAS.

First of July finds us in a good healthy condition, and 98 per cent of our membership working, and every prospect of a continuance of this highly satisfactory state of affairs.

I note President McNulty's editorial in last month-issue of *The Workers'* relative to the great number of locals of the Brotherhood that our working under signed agreements with their employers. We heartily endorse and agree with all that he says.

Our Local has been working under an agreement with our contractors who are a little over one year, and while the workings of this agreement are not exactly similar to those of husband and wife, they form a so vastly superior basis to work from, than did the old system of verbal agreements that there is absolutely no comparison.

For the benefit of those locals that have written agreements with their employers, and who may now or at some future time in said agreements have a provision—for an Arbitration Board, I would like to draw a clearly defined line of demarcation between a real Board of Arbitration and that of a so-called Board of Arbitration.

Perhaps the best way to get at this would be to give a brief account of how some of our contractors have attempted to misconstrue the meaning of that clause in our agreement which covers hoyan Arbitration Board shall be formed. The clause mentioned reads after this manner, "Any party having a grievance with the other party, shall give written notice to that other party, stating the point in dispute and setting a time and a place for a meeting not later than five days from the date of such notice. At such a meeting each party to the dispute shall designate one person as its appointee to act upon said Board of Arbitration, and these two appointees shall within five days decide upon a third person to act on said board, and these three persons shall constitute the Board of Arbitration."

To any one of ordinary intelligence after reading the foregoing instructions as to how to form an Arbitration Board, it is evident that it was not intended that the parties to the dispute should meet together, and then call in the services of one man to be judge as to which one of the parties was correct in his contention.

However, as clear and as evident as this may be or in fact is, the contractors in this city who are parties to our agreement, have so distorted the meaning of

this clause, that they reasoned it out this very way.

It is clearly unreasonable to expect any man to act as a judge to settle a dispute between themselves and any other man, and thus if a dispute be between a contractor and a Local Union, it is not within the realm of reason to believe that a member of the Local Union or the contractor could be considered in the light of an arbitor which according to Webster is an umpire or judge.

This is the kind of a proposition we have been up against, instead of having a real Arbitration Board composed of one man outside of our Local Union and one man outside of the contractors' organization and a third man whom they might select, and which would have been a Board of Arbitration in the truest and full sense of the word, we had a board composed of one of our Brothers and a contractor and these two after five days' time finally selected a prominent architect, and these three constitute the so-called Board of Arbitration which was convened for the purpose of determining whether or not we should get an advance in wages.

I am glad to note that the number of letters from the various Local Unions of our Brotherhood are increasing in number with each issue of our official publication, and making use of that science taught by Sir Connon Doyle, and made so famous by his character of Sherlock Holmes. We take this to mean that there is a growing interest among our Brothers in journal.

Wishing all of our Brothers success, and prosperity, I am,

Sincerely,

K. J. Whaley.

## L. U. NO. 723, FORT WAYNE, IND.

Editor:

L. U. No. 723 elected the following officers:

President, J. Buelow.

Vice President, J. Madden.

Recording Secretary, D. Mullen.

First Inspector, F. A. Stahl.

Second Inspector, E. Stout.

Foreman, C. Manor.

Treasurer, A. Evans.

Financial Secretary, Z. Z. Miller.

We meet every Friday night at Carpenters' Hall, Calhoun street. All traveling brothers are welcome. The city still have two rats working for them. However the Traction Co. has all card men.

Fraternally,

D. Mullen,

Recording Secretary.





## Reports of Officers .. and Organizers ..



Editor Electrical Worker:

About midnight, July 1, Local No. 211, Atlantic City, swung into line with a majority vote of twenty. It was a hard fought battle requiring six distinct engagements to decide the contest.

The usual evil influences were brought to bear by the opposition. But the true principles of trade unionism and the all-important question of "getting together" for a union and a United Brotherhood for all, easily triumphed in the end.

In the contest for supremacy in the Land of Sunrise, our cause for right and justice was most ably and indefatigably defended by T. M. Bixler, H. W. Potter, Ernest Eger, Wm. Ulmre, Walt Cameron, C. E. Fields, Jas. B. Cousart, A. W. Prang, John S. Bennett, H. C. Rawlings and others.

These men well proved to be "heroes in the strife" and never once faltered in their righteous determination to bring the good ship No. 211 to her old home moorings, the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers.

With such men in our corner there was little possibility of losing, and from the very beginning of the struggle we held no fear of what the final outcome would be. Their good work is fast bringing the Brotherhood into its own, for with them are bound to come many others whose view of right has long been obscured through misrepresentations of the secession leaders.

Now, all together, Brothers, are a long, heavy heave in a clean sweep of the Atlantic Coast and the entire eastern district.

Fraternally,

E. G. Smith, I. O.

Portland, Oregon, July 7, 1913.

To the Members of the I. B. E. W.

Greeting—I am at this time submitting to you, my actions, and the cause there of in San Francisco, Calif., controversy, with the seceders.

During the first part of May I was busily engaged in securing the rights of our Brotherhood in the city of Portland, Oregon, when upon 16th of May I was summoned to San Francisco by hurried message, to the effect that our Brotherhood's rights were in gravest danger, I immediately proceeded to San Francisco and was informed that our locals there were in great danger of losing the fair work, and that the seceders had formed

an illegal combination known as the light and power council. I set about investigating this matter, and came to the conclusion that the seceders were about to make good their many boasts that they would yet get control of the fair work. In fact as they made that claim they had one more stunt to pull and when that was done, they would have the fair job. It was my firm conviction that this illegal combination called the light and power council was the great stunt they intended to pull. I was convinced beyond any further doubt, when my attention was called to the following agreement, which the seceders endeavored to negotiate with the Panama Pacific Exposition Company.

### Agreement.

This agreement made and entered into by and between the Panama-Pacific International Exposition Company party of the first part, and the Pacific District Council No. 1, Third District, I. B. E. W. party of the second part.

First. That for and in consideration of harmonious relations and settled conditions of employment, the parties hereto do establish and agree to the following wage schedule and working rules covering the construction of all electrical work, and the operation and maintenance of all electrical appliances, devices, and apparatus used in connection therewith, done under the jurisdiction of and operated and maintained by the Panama-Pacific International Exposition.

It is hereby agreed and understood that all agreements entered into between the Panama-Pacific International Exposition Company and all contractors and other persons employing electrical workers on the World's Fair Grounds, shall be governed by this agreement.

Second. The party of the first part agrees to employ none but members of the Pacific District Council No. 1, Third District, I. B. E. W., who are in possession of paid-up cards or permits of the party of the second part.

Third. The party of the second part agrees to furnish competent men for all classes of electrical work in the different branches of the trade.

Now Brothers in all fair mindedness, read this agreement over again, and you can readily see what the great stunt was that the seceders were going to pull off. You can also see that had the

seceders been successful, that our men would shortly be on the streets, and they in control of the situation. This is the proposition that confronted me, and had I not after these facts were brought so clearly to me, negotiated and entered into an agreement, with the Pacific Gas and Electric Company which company by the way has secured the contract for supplying all electrical energy for the fair. I would certainly feel that I was not a fit representative of our Brotherhood.

The seceders are circulating malicious and erroneous reports when they say that I signed up for a less scale than they wanted. I desire to have it emphatically understood that they put up the proposition that they would accept the scale of the 1912 agreement which calls for \$4.25 per day providing they were given recognition of their light and power council, which goes to show that the light and power council was their paramount issue, and also the proposition with which they intended to put our boys out of commission with

My agreement calls for an increase of from 25c to 75c per day over their 1912 agreement, and further calls for the employment of electrical workers in full affiliation with the A. F. of L.

It is also a fact that the work on the water front and marine work that rightfully belongs to our Local No. 6 for a wage of \$5.00 per day was taken from them by the seceders at a wage rate of \$4.25 per day.

It is certainly strange that the seceders should at this late date howl strike breaking, after 5 years of this nefarious work indulged in by themselves, do they attempt at this time to try and forget their miserable actions in the cities of New York, Schenectady, Buffalo, Albany, Pittsburg, Dallas, and only recently in Chicago. (Consistency, thou certainly art a jewel).

If the seceders desire the assistance of organized labor, let them come back to the parent body, enroll themselves under the banner of the A. F. of L., and with organized labor pull as one, and not go around the country advocating the destruction of the American Labor Movement, as their organizers and their scandalizer advocates

No doubt you will read in our Worker the report of a special committee appointed by the San Francisco Building Trades Council, this will give you the situations as they found it.

In conclusion I desire to say that I have no apologies to offer for my actions, and when it comes to the protection of our Brotherhood and its members as

well as organized labor, that I would do the same thing over again. I remain,

Respectfully and fraternally,

L. C. Grasser, I. V. P.

This agreement made and entered into this 19th day of May, A. D. 1913, by and between the Pacific Gas and Electric Company, the party of the first part, hereinafter called the "COMPANY," and the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, affiliated with the American Federation of Labor (together with its subordinate unions), the party of the second part, hereinafter called "EMPLOYEES."

Witnesseth: That whereas the COMPANY is engaged in the business of supplying, among other commodities, electric energy within the cities of San Francisco, Oakland, San Jose, San Rafael and Sacramento, and in the pursuit of its business requires the running of conduits, installation of wiring and other apparatus on consumer's premises necessary to supply service, and whereas said EMPLOYEES are willing to enter into a contract with the said COMPANY, the parties hereto do agree to the following working conditions and wage schedule for a period of three (3) years commencing May 19, 1913.

#### Working Conditions.

1. Eight (8) hours shall constitute a day's work. Working hours 8 a. m. to 12 a. m. and 1 p. m. to 5 p. m.

2. Overtime shall be computed on the basis of eight (8) hours per day and at the minimum rate employee is entitled to in Section 15.

3. All overtime shall be rated as specified in Sections 4, 5 and 6.

4. Overtime starting at 5 p. m., or later, shall be computed at the rate of double time of minimum rate and shall continue until employee is relieved from duty.

5. Employees reporting for work between 5 a. m. and 8 a. m. will be paid at the rate of double time ordinary hours following shall be computed at straight time. All time to be figured as specified in Section 15.

6. All time worked during regular hours on Sundays and holidays will be computed at rate of double time of rate of pay as specified in Section 15.

7. Employees working on eight-hour basis shall go to and from point to work on their own time.

8. Holidays shall be as follows: Fourth of July, Labor Day, Admission Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day and Saturday afternoons in San Francisco, Oakland, San Jose and San Rafael and Sacramento.

When any of the above holidays fall on Sunday, the following Monday shall be considered a holiday.

9. All employees at work on primary and general election days, and who are entitled to vote in the district in which they are located, will be allowed two hours at the rate of pay as specified in Section 15, in which to vote at said election. Election days are not to be considered in any case as holidays or half-holidays.

10. Men working outside the city limits shall report at the city limits at 8 a. m. unless required to report at the store-room at 8 a. m. If reporting at the city limits at 8 a. m., they shall travel the rest of the way on COMPANY time or receive regular overtime. Same rule to apply to return trip.

11. The COMPANY agrees to pay all carfare beyond the five-cent limit and during working hours in transferring, etc.

12. Employees shall be paid semi-monthly, payment to be made on or before the 21st of the month for wages due and up to and including the 15th of the current month, and on or before the 6th of the month for wages due up to and including the last day of the preceding month.

13. FOREMEN WIREMEN. An employee having charge of more than two (2) Journeymen Wiremen shall be rated as a Foreman Wireman.

14. JOURNEYMEN WIREMEN. An employee engaged in the work of installing metal conduits, mouldings, and wiring in buildings and the setting of meters only, will be classed as Journeymen Wiremen and will receive a minimum wage for that class of work as listed in Section 15 with the proviso and understanding that where outside electrical workers, classed as Linemen, run aerial wires and cables on poles, and from poles to building, or over or outside of building,—that nothing herein shall be construed so as to prevent said Outside Linemen from setting meters in connection with the job; provided, however, no inside wiring or installation of conduits is done.

#### 15. MINIMUM RATES OF PAY.

Foremen wiremen shall receive not less than \$5.50 per day.

Journeymen Wiremen shall receive not less than \$5.00 per day.

Apprentices, \$2.50 to \$4.00 per day according to class.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto hereunto affixed their hands and seals through their respective officers the day and year first above written.

Pacific Gas and Gas Electric Co.,  
John A. Britton,  
Vice President and General Manager.  
L. C. Grasser,  
Int. Vice President I. B. E. W.

THIS AGREEMENT made and entered into this 21st day of May, A. D. 1913, by

and between the Pacific Gas and Electric Company, the party of the first part, hereinafter called the "COMPANY," and the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, affiliated with the American Federation of Labor (together with its subordinate unions), the party of the second part, hereinafter called the "EMPLOYEES."

WITNESSETH: That whereas the COMPANY is engaged in the business of supplying, among other commodities, electric energy within the cities of San Francisco, Oakland, San Jose, and San Rafael, and in the pursuit of its business requires the construction, operation and maintenance of transmission, distribution, telephone lines and apparatus in connection therewith, and the performance of other work necessary to supply service, and whereas said EMPLOYEES are willing to enter into a contract with the said COMPANY, the parties hereto do agree to the following conditions and wage schedule for a period of three (3) years commencing May 21st, 1913.

#### Working Conditions.

1. Eight (8) hours shall constitute a day's work. Working hours, 8 a. m. to 12 m. and 1 p. m. to 5 p. m., except where the demands of the service require regular shifts, such shifts are to be any eight (8) consecutive hours (excepting intermission for meals) of the twenty-four.

2. Overtime shall be computed on the basis of eight (8) hours per day and at the rate employee is entitled to in Sections 17 and 18.

3. All overtime shall be computed as specified in Sections 4 and 5.

4. All time worked between 5 p. m. and 8 a. m. for day men and after regular working hours, or during the next 16 hours for shift men, and for time worked on Sundays, and holidays, will be paid at the rate of double time.

5. Employees reporting for work between 5 a. m. and 8 a. m. will be paid at the rate of double time: ordinary hours following shall be computed at straight time. (This not to apply to shift men.)

6. Employees working on eight-hour basis shall go to and from point of work on their own time.

7. Holidays shall be as follows: New Year's Day, Washington's Birthday, Decoration Day, Fourth of July, Labor Day, Admission Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day and Saturday afternoons in San Francisco and Oakland, and in San Jose and San Rafael if the employees so elect.

8. When any of the above holidays fall on Sunday, the following Monday shall be considered a holiday. All employees at work on primary and general election

days, and who are entitled to vote in the district in which they are located, will be allowed two hours, at the standard rate of pay, in which to vote at said election. Election days are not to be considered in any case as holidays or half-holidays.

9. Men working outside the city limits shall report at the city limits at 8 a. m. unless required to report at the storeroom at 8 a. m. If reporting at the city limits at 8 a. m. they shall travel the rest of the way on COMPANY time or receive regular overtime, same rule to apply to return trip.

10. The COMPANY agrees to pay all carfare beyond the five-cent limit and during working hours in transferring, etc.

11. Men regularly working for the Company in any city, when sent from such place of employment to any other point from which they cannot return nightly to regular place of employment, will be allowed traveling expenses, board and lodging during the time they are away from the regular place of employment.

12. Employees shall be paid semi-monthly, payment to be made on or before the 21st of the month for wages due and up to and including the 15th of the current month, and on or before the 6th of the month for wages due up to and including the last day of the preceding month.

13. The COMPANY agrees to employ only members of the I. B. E. W. affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, (together with its subordinate Local Unions), in-so-far as the organization can furnish men, provided that men at present employed in any position shall not be discriminated against but shall be permitted at the pleasure of the Company to retain their present positions.

#### Outside Electrical Workers.

14. Outside Electrical Workers shall include Linemen, Lamp Trimmers, Cable Splicers, Trouble-men, Repair and Station Construction-men and attendants in central lighting and power stations.

15. *Line Foremen.* An employee having charge of more than three (3) Journeymen Linemen shall be rated as a Line Foreman.

16. *Lamp Trimmers.* Lamp Trimmers shall receive \$100.00 per month. They shall not be required to work more than eight (8) hours per day. Lamp Trimmers with horse and cart shall be allowed \$35.00 per month for keep of horse and cart.

#### 17. Minimum Rates of Pay.

Foremen Linemen will be paid on the monthly basis at the rate of \$135.00 per

month, no extra pay being allowed for overtime worked. No reduction in salary will be made for any enforced loss of time except in cases of dismissal. Foremen on the monthly basis will be entitled to two (2) weeks' vacation per annum with full pay.

Journeymen Linemen .....	\$4.50 per day
Edison Tube Men .....	4.50 per day
Cable Splicer Foreman....	6.00 per day
Apprentices .....	3.25 per day
Cable Splicers .....	5.50 per day
Lamp Trimmers .....	100.00 per month
Trouble men .....	115.00 per month

Trouble-men shall work in a shift of eight (8) consecutive hours, Sundays and holidays included, and shall be entitled to one day off per week with no loss in pay.

All joining and splicing of lead covered cables is to be done by Journeymen Cable Splicers.

18. *Operators.* Operators in Stations and Sub-stations will receive from \$70.00 to \$110.00 per month, according to the classification of station.

19. In case of swing operator employed, he shall receive not less than the maximum salary of the employee whose position he fills.

20. It is hereby agreed and understood that all monthly operators employed shall have at least one day off each week with no loss of pay.

21. The territory mentioned in this agreement includes the cities of San Francisco, Oakland, San Jose, San Rafael and all territory lying between San Francisco and San Jose and between San Rafael and Sausalito.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have hereunto affixed their hands and seals through their respective officers, the day and year first above written.

Pacific Gas and Electric Company,

John A. Britton,

Vice President and General Manager.

L. C. Grasser,

Int. Vice President I. B. E. W.

#### ELECTRICAL WORKERS WIN DAMAGE SUITS.

In the Settlement of Two Cases for Damages The New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company  
Pay \$52,500.00.

Thomas J. O'Neill, Esq., of 309 Broadway, New York City, as attorney for Lawrence J. Ryan, a lineman of Cleveland, O., has just settled out of court his suit for damages against the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company for personal injuries received while performing his duties as a lineman on an anchor

bridge at West Farms Station in New York City on January 13, 1913. The settlement was made on June 10, 1913, for the sum of thirty-seven thousand five hundred dollars.

Mr. Ryan was shocked on a high tension wire carrying 11,000 volts, he is 42 years of age and unmarried. Ryan's right leg and arm was so badly burned that amputation was necessary, and for weeks his life was despaired of.

This is the largest settlement ever made to a lineman for a personal injury case in New York State. Action was brought by his attorney alleging negligence on the part of the company in the Westchester County Supreme Court held at White Plains, N. Y., and shortly thereafter an application for a preference was made before Justice Joseph Morschauser which was granted and the case was advanced on the calendar so that it would be given a quick trial but the railroad company settled the case rather than oppose the action pending before Justice Morschauser.

The action was brought under the Federal Employers' Liability Act, which act was recently declared constitutional by the United States Supreme Court.

Mr. O'Neill contends that the Act applied because the particular wire carried power which operated the electric locomotives used in hauling interstate trains from one State to another and that the high tension wire on this anchor bridge was not guarded by a screen whereas it was on other anchor bridges and the failure to guard the wire constituted neglig-

ence on the part of the company under the Federal Employers' Liability Act.

The electrification of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad has been in progress for the last seven years during which time about twenty-seven linemen have been killed and a score injured due to the dangerous way in which the work is being carried on under the supervision of Barney Mack who during the recent strike on the New Haven & Hartford System for better working conditions, did everything in his power to break the strike, but the linemen finally won.

The first case to be actually brought to trial under the Federal Act took place at the Westchester County Court, held at White Plains, N. Y., on June 11, 1913.

The case was that of Ellen Terwilliger, as administratrix of Frank Terwilliger of Port Chester, N. Y.

Terwilliger was a lineman employed by the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company, and while in the act of climbing a wooden pole at Cos Cob, Conn., he came in contact with a high tension wire carrying 11,000 volts. After the trial of the case had continued for about two hours the railroad company realized they were up against an absolute case under the Federal Employers' Liability Act and the case was settled during the trial for fifteen thousand dollars, before the trial the company only offered \$500 in settlement of the case.

Both Ryan and Terwilliger were represented by Attorney Thomas J. O'Neill of 309 Broadway, New York City.

## Elementary Lessons in Electricity and Magnetism

### LESSON XVI.—*Magnetic Actions of the Current.*

184. About the year 1802 Romagnosi, of Trente, discovered that a voltaic pile affects a magnetised needle, and causes it to turn aside from its usual position. The discovery, however, dropped into oblivion, having never been published. A connection of some kind between magnetism and electricity had long been suspected. Lightning had been known to magnetise knives and other objects of steel; but almost all attempts to imitate these effects by powerful charges of electricity or by sending currents of electricity through steel bars, had failed.<sup>1</sup> The true connection between magnetism and electricity remained to be discovered.

In 1819, Oerstedt, of Copenhagen, showed that a magnet tends to set itself at right-angles to a wire carrying an electric current. He also found that the way in which the needle turns, whether to the right or the left of its usual position, depends upon the position of the wire that carries the current—whether it is above or below the needle,—and on the direction in which the current flows through the wire.

185. **Oerstedt's Experiment.** — Very simple apparatus suffices to repeat the fundamental experiment. Let a magnetic needle be suspended on a pointed pivot, as in Fig. 78. Above it, and parallel to it, is held a stout copper wire, one end of which is joined to one pole of a battery of one or two cells. The other end of the wire is then brought into contact with the other pole of the battery. As

flows from south to north in the wire the N-seeking end of the needle will be deflected westwards. If the wire is, however, *below the needle*, the motions will be reversed, and a current flowing from north to south will cause the N-seeking pole to turn westwards.

186. **Ampere's Rule.**—To keep these movements in memory, Ampere suggested the following fanciful but useful rule. *Suppose a man swimming in the wire with the current, and that he turns so as to face the needle, then the N-seeking pole of the needle will be deflected towards his left hand...* In other words, the deflection of the N-seeking pole of a magnetic needle, as viewed from the conductor, is towards the left of the current. For certain particular cases in which a *fixed* magnet pole acts on a *movable* circuit, the following *converse to Ampere's Rule* will be found convenient. Suppose a man swimming in the wire with the current, and that he turns so as to look along the direction of the lines of force of the pole (*i. e.* as the lines of force run, *from the pole* if it be N-seeking, *towards the pole* if it be S-seeking), then he and the conducting wire with him will be urged *toward his left*.

187. A little consideration will show that if a current be carried *below* a needle in one direction, and then back in the opposite direction *above* the needle, by bending the wire round, as in Fig. 79, the forces exerted on the needle by both portions of the current will be in the same direction. For let *a* be the N-seeking, and *b* the S-seeking, pole of

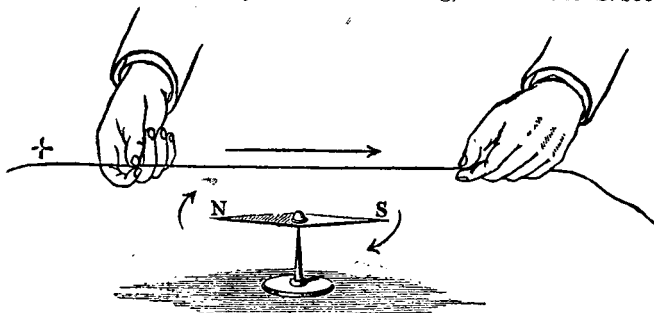


Fig. 78.

soon as the circuit is completed the current flows through the wire and needle turns briskly aside. If the current be flowing along the wire *above* the needle in the direction from north to south, it will cause the N-seeking end of the needle to turn eastwards; if the current

<sup>1</sup> Down to this point in these lessons there has been no connection between magnetism and electricity, though something has been said about each. The student who cannot remember whether a *charge* of electricity does or does not affect a magnet, should turn back to what was said in Art. 91.

the suspended needle, then the tendency of the current in the lower part of the wire will be to turn the needle so that *a* comes towards the observer, while *b* retreats; while the current flowing above, which also deflects the N-seeking pole

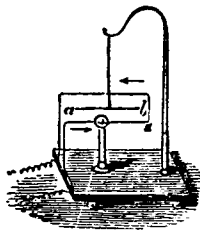


Fig. 79.

to its left, will equally urge *a* towards the observer, and *b* from him. The needle will not stand out completely at right-angles to the direction of the wire conductor, but will take an oblique position. The directive forces of the earth's magnetism are tending to make the needle point north-and-south. The electric current is acting on the needle, tending to make it set itself west-and-east. The resultant force will be in an oblique direction between these, and will depend upon the relative strength of the two conflicting forces. If the current is very strong the needle will turn widely round; but could only turn completely to a right-angle if the current were infinitely strong. If, however, the current is feeble in comparison with the directive magnetic force, the needle will turn very little.

188. This arrangement will, therefore, serve roughly as a *Galvanoscope* or indicator of currents; for the movement of the needle shows the direction of the current, and indicates whether it is a strong or a weak one. This apparatus is too rough to detect very delicate currents. To obtain a more sensitive instrument there are two possible courses: (i.) Increase the effective action of the current by carrying the wire more than once round the needle: (ii.) Decrease the opposing directive force of the earth's magnetism by some compensating contrivance.

169. *Schweigger's Multiplier*. — The first of the above suggestions was carried out by Schweigger, who constructed a *multiplier* of many turns of wire. A suitable frame of wood, brass, or ebonite, is prepared to receive the wire, which must be "insulated," or covered with silk, or cotton, or guttapercha, to prevent the separate turns of the coil from coming into contact with each other. Within this frame, which may be circular, elliptical, or more usually rectangular, as in Fig. 80, the needle is suspended, the

frame being placed so that the wires lie in the magnetic meridian. The greater the number of turns the more powerful will be the magnetic deflection produced by the passage of equal quantities of current. But if the wire is thin, or the number of turns of wire numerous, the resistance thereby offered to the flow of electricity may very greatly reduce the strength of the current. The student

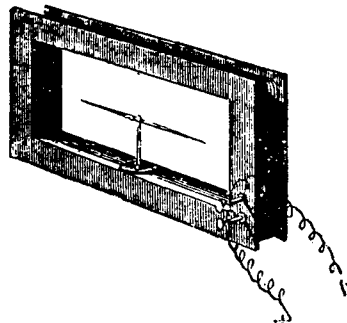


Fig. 80.

will grasp the importance of this observation when he has read the chapter on Ohm's Law.

190. *Astatic Combinations*. — The directive force exercised by the earth's magnetism on a magnetic needle may be reduced or obviated by one of two methods:—

(a.) By employing a *compensating magnet*. An ordinary long bar magnet laid in the magnetic meridian, but with its N-seeking pole directed towards the north, will, if placed horizontally above or below a suspended magnetic needle, tend to make the needle set itself with its S-seeking pole northwards. If near the needle it may overpower the directive force of the earth, and cause the needle to reverse its usual position. If it is far away, all it can do is to lessen the directive force of the earth. At a certain distance the magnet will just compensate this force, and the needle will be neutral. This arrangement for reducing the earth's directive force is applied in the reflecting galvanometer shown in Fig. 91, in which the magnet at the top, curved in form and capable of adjustment to any height, affords a means of adjusting the instrument to the desired degree of sensitiveness by raising or lowering it.

(b.) By using an *astatic* pair of magnetic needles. If two magnetised needles of equal strength and size are bound together by a light wire of brass, or aluminium, in reversed positions, as shown in Fig. 81, the force urging one to set itself in the magnetic meridian is exactly counterbalanced by the force that acts on the other. Consequently this pair of needles will remain in any position in which it is set, and is in-

dependent of the earth's magnetism. Such a combination is known as an *astatic pair*. It is, however, difficult in

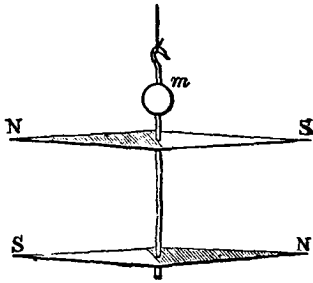


Fig. 81.

practice to obtain a perfectly astatic pair, since it is not easy to magnetise two needles exactly to equal strength, nor is it easy to fix them perfectly parallel to one another. Such an astatic pair is, however, readily deflected by a current flowing in a wire coiled around one of the needles; for, as shown in Fig. 82, the current which flows above one needle and below the other will urge both in the same direction, because they are already in reversed positions. It is even possible to go farther, and to carry the wire

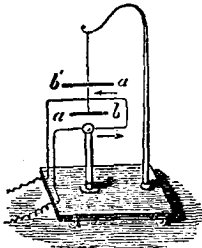


Fig. 82.

round both needles, winding the coil around the upper in the opposite sense to that in which the coil is wound round the lower needle.

Nobili applied the astatic arrangement of needles to the multiplying coils of Schweigger, and thus constructed a very sensitive instrument, the Astatic Galvanometer, shown in Fig 88. The special forms of galvanometer adapted for the measurement of currents are described in the next Lesson.

#### 191. Magnetic Field Due to Current.—

Arago found that if a current be passed through a piece of copper wire it becomes capable of attracting iron filings to it so long as the current flows. These filings set themselves at right angles to the wire, and cling around it, but drop off when the circuit is broken. There is, then, a magnetic "field," around the wire which carries the current; and it is important to know how the lines of force are distributed in this field.

Let the central spot in Fig. 83 represent an imaginary cross-section of the wire, and let us suppose the current to be flowing in through the paper at that point. Then by Ampere's rule a magnet needle placed below will tend to set itself in the position shown, with its N. pole pointing to the left.<sup>1</sup> The current will urge a needle above the wire into the reverse position. A needle on the right of the current will set itself at right angles to the current (*i. e.* in the plane of the paper), and with its N. pole pointing down, while the N. pole of a needle

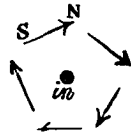


Fig. 83.

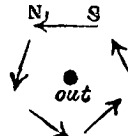


Fig. 84.

on the left would be urged *up*. In fact the tendency would be to urge the N. pole round the conductor in the same way as the hands of a watch move; while the S. pole would be urged in the opposite cyclic direction to that of the hands of a watch. If the current is reversed, and is regarded as flowing towards the reader, *i. e.* coming up *out* of the plane of the paper, as in the diagram of Fig. 84, then the motions would be just in the reverse sense. It would seem from this as if a N-seeking pole of a magnet ought to revolve continuously round and round a current; but as we cannot obtain a magnet with one pole only, and as the S-seeking pole is urged in an opposite direction, all that occurs is that the needle sets itself as a tangent to a circular curve surrounding the conductor. This is what Oerstedt meant when he described the electric current as acting "in a revolving manner," upon the magnetic needle. The field of force with its circular lines surrounding a current flowing in a straight conductor, can be examined experimentally with iron filings in the following way: A card is placed horizontally and a stout copper wire is passed vertically through a hole in it (Fig. 85). Iron filings are sifted over the card (as described in Art. 108), and a strong current from three or four large cells is passed through the wire. On tapping the card gently the filings near

<sup>1</sup> If the student has any difficulty in applying Ampere's rule to this case and the others which succeed, he should carefully follow out the following mental operation. Consider the spot marked "in" as a hole in the ground into which the current is flowing, and into which he dives head-foremost. While in the hole he must turn round so as to face of the magnets in succession, and remember that in each case the N-seeking pole will be urged to his left. In diagram 84 he must conceive himself as coming up *out* of the hole in the ground where the current is flowing out.



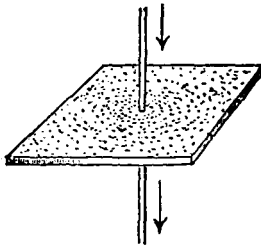


Fig. 85.

the wire set themselves in concentric circles round it.

**192. Equivalent Magnetic Shell: Ampere's Theorem.**—For many purposes the following way of regarding the magnetic action of electric currents is more convenient than the preceding. Suppose we take a battery and connect its terminals by a circuit of wire, and that a portion of the circuit be twisted, as in Fig. 86, into a looped curve, it will be found that the entire space enclosed by the loop possesses magnetic properties. In our figure the current is supposed to be flowing round the loop, as viewed from above, in the same direction as the hands of a clock move round; an imaginary man swimming round the circuit and always facing towards the centre would have his left side down. By Ampere's rule, then, a N. pole would be urged downwards through the loop, while a S. pole would be urged upwards. In fact the space enclosed by the loop of the circuit behaves like a *magnetic shell* (see Art. 107), having its upper face of S-seeking magnetism, and its lower face of N-seeking magnetism. It can be shown in every case that a *closed voltaic circuit is equivalent to a magnetic shell whose edges*

exactly as its equivalent magnetic shell would do. Also, the circuit itself, when placed in a magnetic field, experiences the same force as its equivalent magnetic shell would do.

**193. Maxwell's Rule.**—Professor Clerk Maxwell, who developed this method of treating the subject, has given the following elegant rule for determining the mutual action of a circuit and a magnet placed near it. *Every portion of the circuit is acted upon by a force urging it in such a direction as to make it enclose within its embrace the greatest possible number of lines of force.* If the circuit is fixed and the magnet movable, then the force acting on the magnet will also be such as to tend to make the number of lines of force that pass through the circuit a maximum (see also Art. 317).

**194. De la Rive's Floating Battery.**—The preceding remarks may be illustrated experimentally by the aid of a little floating battery. A plate of zinc and one of copper (see Fig. 87) are fixed side by side in a large cork, and connected above by a coil of covered copper wire bent into a ring. This is floated upon a dish containing dilute sulphuric acid. If one pole of a bar magnet be held towards the ring it will be attracted or repelled according to the pole employed. The floating circuit will behave like the floating magnet in Fig. 44, except that here we have what is equivalent to a floating magnetic shell. If the S. pole of the magnet be presented to that face of the ring which acts as a S-seeking pole (*viz.* that face round which the current is flowing in a clockwise direction), it will repel it. If the pole be thrust right into the ring, and then held still, the battery will be strongly repelled, will draw itself

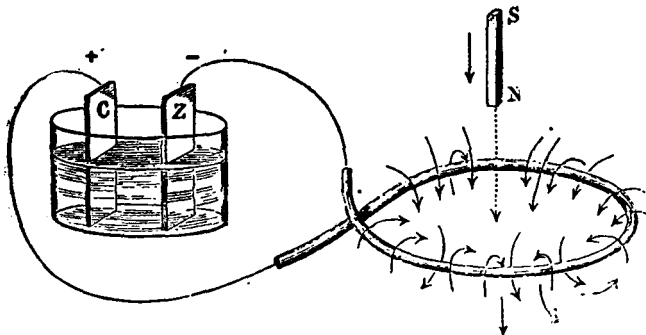


Fig. 86.

coincide in position with the circuit, the shell being of such a strength that the number of its lines of force is the same as that of the lines of force due to the current in the circuit. The circuit acts as a magnet attracting or repelling it, and being attracted or repelled by it, just

off, float away, turn round so as to present toward the S. pole of the magnet its N-seeking face, will then be attracted up, and will thread itself on to the magnet up to the middle, in which position as many magnetic lines of force as possible cross the area of the ring.

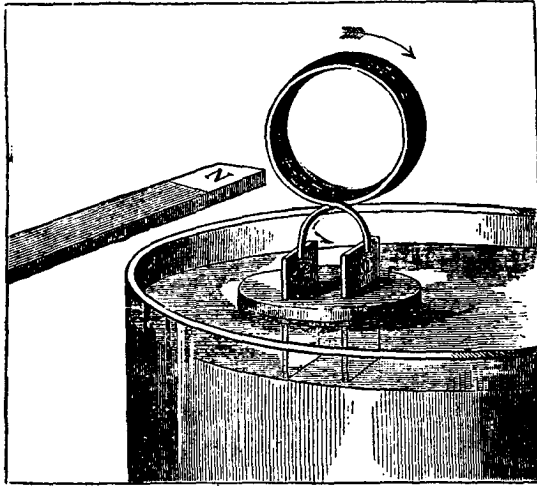


Fig. 87.

It can be shown also that two circuits traversed by currents attract and repel one another just as two magnetic shells would do.

It will be explained in Lesson XXVI on Electro-magnets how a piece of iron or steel can be magnetised by causing a current to flow in a spiral wire round it.

**195. Strength of the Current in Magnetic Measure.**—When a current thus acts on a magnet pole near it, the force  $f$  which it exerts will be proportional to the strength  $i$  of the current, and proportional also to the strength  $m$  of the magnet pole, and to the length  $l$  of the wire employed: it will also vary inversely as the square of the distance  $r$  from the circuit to the magnet pole. Or,  $f = \frac{l \cdot i \cdot m}{r^2}$  dynes. Suppose the wire looped up into a circle round the magnet pole, then  $l = 2\pi r$ , and  $f = \frac{2\pi i}{r} m$  dynes. Suppose also that the circle is of one centi-

metre radius, and that the magnet pole is of strength of *one* unit (see Art. 125), then the force exerted by the current of strength  $i$  will be  $\frac{2\pi i}{1} \times 1$ , or  $2\pi i$

dynes. In order, therefore, that a current of strength  $i$  should exert a force of  $i$  dynes on the unit pole, one must consider the current as travelling round only  $\frac{1}{2\pi}$  part of the circle, or round a portion of the circumference equal in length to the radius.

**196. Unit of Current Strength.**—A current is said to have a strength of one "absolute" unit when it is such that if one centimetre length of the circuit is bent into an arc of one centimetre radius, the current in it exerts a force of one dyne on a magnet-pole of unit strength placed at the centre of the arc. The practical unit of "one ampere" is only  $\frac{1}{10}$  of this theoretical unit. (See also Art. 323.)

# Local Union Directory



This Directory is compiled from the quarterly reports furnished by local secretaries. If your report is not properly classified, it is because no report, or an imperfect one, has been furnished. Local secretaries should promptly report any changes.

Locals are composed of branches of the trade, as per the following signs:

- |               |                       |
|---------------|-----------------------|
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| (b) Linemen.  | (g) Switch-board Men. |
| (c) Inside.   | (h) Shopmen.          |
| (d) Trimmers. | (i) Fixture Hangers.  |
| (e) Cranemen. |                       |

(j) Telephone Operators.

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(a) No. 80, Norfolk, Va.—Meets every Wednesday night in I. O. O. F. Hall, Church St. President, M. B. Holmes, 512 4th Ave., Portsmouth, Va.; Vice President, F. Howard, 913 W. Boissevain Ave., Norfolk, Va.; Financial Secretary, T. J. Gates, Box 232, Norfolk, Va.; Recording Secretary, H. J. Kraemer, 510 4th Ave., Portsmouth, Va.; Treasurer, R. A. Smith, Armistead Bridge Road, Norfolk, Va.

(h) No. 85, Schenectady, N. Y.—Meets Friday at 240 State St. President, W. A. Weisgarver, 130 N. Ferry St.; Vice President, Geo. Rea, 915 State St.; Financial Secretary, C. V. Platto, 130 Front St.; Recording Secretary, John Radley, 112 S. Ferry St.; Treasurer, F. Schwick, 49 Robinson St.

(c) No. 86, Rochester, N. Y.—Meets every other Wednesday in Musicians' Hall, 95 E. Main St. President, B. Yawman, 60 Adams St.; Vice President, J. Downs, 365 Jay St.; Financial Secretary, H. Walls, 15 Frank St.; Recording Secretary, M. J. Farrell, 73 Francis St.; Treasurer, B. Pitt, 343 Birr St.

(a) No. 96, Worcester, Mass.—Meets second and fourth Monday, E. B. 1st and 3d, Piper Block, 419 Main St. President, M. J. Moriarty, 419 Main St.; Vice President, Paul Haey, 419 Main St.; Financial Secretary, D. F. Ralph, 419 Main St.; Recording Secretary, T. L. Carney, 419 Main St.; Treasurer, S. A. Strout, 419 Main St.

(j) No. Sub-96, Worcester, Mass.—Meets first and third Tuesdays at Electrical Workers' Hall, 419 Main St. President, Bertha Hill, 17 Wellington St.; Vice President, Margaret M. McCullough, 34 Clifton St.; Financial Secretary, Marie Bertrand, 85 Portland St.; Recording Secretary, Mary Dudley, 19 Shirley St.; Treasurer, Katherine Coyle, 24 Lewis St.

(c) No. 98, Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets every Tuesday in Parkway Bldg., Broad and Cherry Sts. President, L. S. Fowler, 23 N. Frazier St.; Financial Secretary, E. B. Coleman, 2631 S. Mole St.; Recording Secretary, F. A. Rowan, 3521 Mt. Vernon St.; Treasurer, P. F. Turner, 2345 S. Carlisle St.

(c) No. 100, Fresno, Calif.—Meets Tuesday night at Union Hall, 1139 Eye St. President, T. C. Vickers, 324 Clark St.; Vice President, Claude Fowler, 1933 J. St.; Financial Secretary, Clyde L. Smith, 654 Glenn Ave.; Recording Secretary, B. M. Greenwood, 1139 Eye St.; Treasurer, H. H. Courtright, 659 O. St.

(c) No. 102, Paterson, New Jersey.—Meets every Thursday at Labor Lyceum, 359 Van Houten St. President, F. H. Hoffer, Scrivens Ave., Totowa Borough, N. J.; Vice President, A. Hawtin, 193 Jasper St., Paterson, N. J.; Financial Secretary, A. Bennett, 552 Lexington Ave., Clifton, N. J.; Recording Secretary, R. Sigler, 115 Fair St., Paterson, N. J.; Treasurer, W. H. Cross, 162 Lakeview Ave., Clifton, N. J.

(c) No. 103, Boston, Mass.—Meets Wednesday evenings at Well's Memorial Hall, 987 Washington St. President, S. J. Murphy, 49 Clarkson St., Dorchester; Vice President, W. J. Roberts, Egypt, Mass.; Financial Secretary, F. L. Kelley, 95 Beacon St., Hyde Park, Mass.; Recording Secretary, J. T. Kihoe, 97 Hyde Park Ave., Forest Hill; Treasurer, T. Gould, 17 Wigglesworth St., Roxbury.

(b) No. 104, Boston, Mass.—Meets Wednesday, each week, at 987 Washington St., Boston, Mass. President, Mich. Birmingham, 2 Dighton Place, Brighton, Mass.; Vice President, Wm. McDonald, 299 Center St., Newton, Mass.; Financial

Secretary, Howard R. Allen, 725 E. Sixth St., South Boston, Mass.; Recording Secretary, Wm. Warren, 991 Watertown St., Newton, Mass.; Treasurer, W. D. Hubbard, 8 Hancock St., Boston, Mass.

(j) No. Sub-104, Boston, Mass.—Meets every Friday at Wells' Memorial Hall, 987 Washington St. President, Annie Molloy, 101 Cowper St., East Boston; Vice President, Mary C. Meagher, 42 Highland St., Hyde Park; Financial Secretary, Melena Godair, 7 Warrenton St.; Recording Secretary, Mary C. Mahoney, 8 Waite St., Roxbury; Treasurer, Annie L. Moran, 12 Rossmore Rd., Jamaica Plain.

No. 108, Tampa, Fla.—Meets Thursday of each week in Engineers' Hall, Franklin St. President, J. A. Arnold; Vice President, R. E. Andrus, Lock Box 610; Financial Secretary, J. L. Evans, Lock Box 662; Recording Secretary, E. Channington, Pen. Til. Co.; Treasurer, F. M. Jolly, Lock Box 662.

(c) No. 110, St. Paul, Minn.—Meets first and third Fridays of each month at Federation Hall, 309 Wabash St. President, S. W. Bush, 302 Charles St.; Financial Secretary, J. J. Purcell, 298 Charles St.; Recording Secretary, Dave Boustedt, 1266 Charles St.; Treasurer, A. Velet, 92 Louisa St.; Business Agent, Frank Fisher, office Federation Hall.

(c) No. 116, Ft. Worth, Tex.—Meets every other Wednesday night at Labor Temple, 306½ Throckmorton St. President, B. C. Rittig, Labor Temple; Vice President, Chas. Shyroo, Labor Temple; Financial Secretary, W. L. Kelsey, Labor Temple; Recording Secretary, R. A. Hunter, Labor Temple; Treasurer, F. W. Grunewald, Labor Temple.

(a) No. 117, Elgin, Ill.—Meets first and third Thursday nights in Trades' Council Hall, 168 Chicago St. President, L. B. Corson, 565 Walnut Ave.; Vice President, G. E. Powell, Illinois Park, R. R. No. 3; Financial Secretary, W. A. Stevenson, 721 Center St.; Recording Secretary, G. W. Hilton, 252 Orange St.; Treasurer, A. B. Adams, 273 S. Channing St.

No. 121, Augusta, Ga.—Recording Secretary, S. P. Howard, 1734 Hicks St.; Financial Secretary, R. H. Young, 1606 Hicks St.

(c) No. 124, Kansas, Mo.—Meets Tuesday of each week at Labor Temple, 1402 Woodland Ave. President, W. T. McAuley, 1323 E. 9th St.; Financial Secretary, J. D. Kelley, 1721 Montgall Ave.; Recording Secretary, E. B. Peele, 1315 Bales Ave.; Treasurer, R. B. Smith, 4440 Fairmount Ave.

(c) No. 130, New Orleans, La.—Meets every Friday, 8 p. m., at 612 Gravier St. President, L. C. Faris, P. O. Box 740; Vice President, A. Lee Vanmeter, P. O. Box 740; Financial Secretary, H. M. Miller, P. O. Box 740; Recording Secretary, T. E. Todd, P. O. Box 740; Treasurer, H. M. Miller, P. O. Box 740.

(c) No. 133, Middletown, N. Y.—Meets second Wednesday of each month in Masonic Building, North St. President, S. E. Lee, 19½ Grand Ave.; Vice President, I. E. Hodge, 10 Watkins Ave.; Financial Secretary, R. M. Hurt, 24 Knapp St.; Recording Secretary, A. B. Loder, 84 California Ave., Gen. Del.; Treasurer, S. Burhans, 11 Watkins Ave.

(c) No. 134, Chicago, Ill.—Meets Thursday night at 500 S. State St. President, Dan F. Cleary, 500 S. State St.; Vice President, Marshal Paulsen, 500 S. State St.; Financial Secretary, R. A. Shields, 500 S. State St.; Recording Secretary, G. O. Johnson, 500 S. State St.; Treasurer, A. A. Hall, 500 S. State St.

(a) No. 135, La Crosse, Wis.—Meets first and third Tuesdays of each month at Eagle Hall, 417 Jay St. President, Theo. E. Strauss, 526 N. 9th St.; Vice President, F. J. Bailey, 1116 S. 6th St.; Financial Secretary, A. G. Buchman, 1020

Jackson St.; Recording Secretary, Aug. Friemark, 821 S. 8th St.; Treasurer, H. Milligan, 1229 La Crosse St.

(c) No. 136, Birmingham, Ala.—Meets Friday over Stog Saloon, 2007½ 3d Ave. President, W. C. Slaughter, Box 205; Vice President, L. L. Hunt, 1117 John St.; Financial Secretary, W. C. Slaughter, Box 205; Recording Secretary, F. C. Powell, Box 205; Treasurer, A. H. Hunt, Box 205.

No. 140, Schenectady, N. Y.—Meets first and third Wednesdays at Electrical Workers' Hall, 240 State St. President, John Boldman, 218 Green St.; Vice President, Geo. Groaton, 1717 Albany St.; Financial Secretary, Grove Armin, 213 Nott Terrace; Recording Secretary, Frank Rabideau, 29 Swan St.; Treasurer, Wm. Campbell, 348 Schenectady St.

(c) No. 141, Wheeling, W. Va.—Meets Friday night at Waldorf Building, Market St. President, S. Gould, 228 29th St.; Vice President, A. L. Sarver, N. Market St.; Financial Secretary, Wm. G. Lynn, 103 N. Huron St.; Recording Secretary, L. E. Feldman, 824 Market St.; Treasurer, G. E. Carle, 16th St.

(c) No. 142, Boston, Mass.—Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 8 p. m., at Dexter Hall, 987 Washington St. President, George F. Backus, 14 Rollins St., Boston, Mass.; Vice President, Joseph Henry Loring, 66 Harbor View St., Dorchester, Mass.; Financial Secretary, Herbert A. Bean, 6 Mt. Hope St., Roslindale, Mass.; Recording Secretary, Herbert F. Dowell, 39 Wareham St., Medford, Mass.; Treasurer, John F. Downey, 7 Everett Ave., Somerville, Mass.

(c) No. 146, Decatur, Ill.—Meets Friday at Electrical Workers' Hall, 141 E. Main St. President, C. R. Wylie, 657 W. Wood; Vice President, A. F. Blakeney, 1908 N. Edward St.; Financial Secretary, C. W. Brooks, 820 W. Packard; Recording Secretary, C. W. Brooks, 820 W. Packard; Treasurer, J. A. Cooper, 1237 E. Condit.

No. 149, Aurora, Ill.—Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Trades Assembly Hall on the Island. President, Geo. Rope, 437 S. Lincoln Ave.; Financial Secretary, P. C. Herkes, 292 Woodlawn Ave.; Recording Secretary, P. C. Herkes, 292 Woodlawn Ave.; Treasurer, N. J. Wilmes, 510 Claim St.

No. 158, Green Bay, Wis.—Meets second and fourth Mondays on 214 Pine St. President, Joe Mande, 130½ Day St.; Vice President, John Miller, 209 N. Adams; Financial Secretary, Tom Heffernan, 217 Pine St.; Recording Secretary, Howard Ladrow, 415 N. Adams St.; Treasurer, Tom Heffernan, 217 Pine St.

(c) No. 164, Jersey City, N. J.—Meets Friday night at 464 Hoboken Ave. President, E. N. Fraleigh, 27 Virginia Ave.; Vice President, H. Feibel, 522 Blum St., Union Hill; Financial Secretary, M. Driscoll, 515 Jersey Ave.; Recording Secretary, Geo. Knoop, 151 Hopkins Ave.; Treasurer, E. Cook, 7A Palisade Ave., West Hoboken.

(a) No. 165, Newport News, Va.—Meets Wednesday at C. L. U. Hall, Washington Ave. President, James DeFarges, 124 35th St., Newport News, Va.; Vice President, R. Garry, Newport News, Va.; Financial Secretary, Ed. C. Kelly, R. F. D. No. 1, Box 23, Hampton, Va.; Recording Secretary, J. E. Dudley, Hampton, Va.; Treasurer, Ed. C. Kelly, R. F. D. No. 1, Box 23, Hampton, Va.

(c) No. 168, Kankakee, Ill.—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month at Labor Hall, West Ave. President, Frank Duens, 733 S. Evergreen St.; Vice President, Jerry Caron, 291 S. Indiana Ave.; Financial Secretary, Harry Shekey, 291 S. Chicago Ave.; Recording Secretary, George Mackenzie, 296 W. Merchant St.; Treasurer, Henry Namitz, 520 S. 5th Ave.

(a) No. 175, Chattanooga, Tenn.—Meets Wednesday every week at Central Labor Hall, 8th and Cherry Sts. President, E. C. Mendock, Ross-ville, Ga.; Vice President, H. C. Towles, 1508 S. Orchard Knob Ave.; Financial Secretary, V. Clark, Box 102, Station A., Chattanooga, Tenn.; Recording Secretary, E. R. Cunningham, 217 Pine St.; Treasurer, E. C. Mendock, Rossville, Ga.

No. 177, Jacksonville, Fla.—President, J. R. Boyle, 1807 Highway Ave.; Vice President, P. S. Kelley, 812 W. Monroe St.; Financial Secretary, S. B. Kitchen, 1011 E. Ashley St.; Recording Secretary, C. P. Ball, 1735 Laura St.; Treasurer, T. C. Wilson, 322 W. Ashley St.

No. 183, Lexington, Ky.—President, J. H. Brock, 217 Clay Ave.; Vice President, Joe L. Clere, 256 Loudon Ave.; Financial Secretary, Wesley Allender, 608 E. High St.; Recording Secretary, E. H. Umstead, 123 Arceme Ave.; Treasurer, Frank Sweney, Arceme Ave.

No. 184, Galesburg, Ill.—Meets first and third Mondays of the month at Trades Assembly Hall, Main and Seminary. President, W. C. Gorden, 274 E. Ferris; Financial Secretary, Geo. E. Springer, 273 Garfield; Recording Secretary, C. L. Cullock, 435 Maple Ave.; Treasurer, A. J. Crews, 128 S. West.

(c) No. 186, Madison, Wis.—Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month in Crescent Building, 27 N. Pinckney St. President, William H. Winter, Jr., 1110 Mound St.; Vice President, Mahloz Bradford, 11 S. Bassette St.; Financial Secretary, Joe Braith, Box 1075, and 432 W. Gorham St.; Recording Secretary, Walter Homberger, 535 W. Washington Ave.; Treasurer, Jacob Koelten, 1201 Mound St.

(a) No. 187, Oshkosh, Wis.—Meets first and third Tuesdays at Trades and Labor Hall, Main St. President, Ray Evanson, 17 Oxford St.; Vice President, Emil Prong, 58 Car St.; Financial Secretary, Patrick Joy, 56 Wis. Ave.; Recording Secretary, Hugh Grey, 434 Bowen St.; Treasurer, Frank Meyers, 39 School St.

(a) No. 189, Quincy, Mass.—Meets first Monday in every month at Johnson Building, room 24, Hancock St. President, Chas. W. Hanscom, 124 Upland Road, Quincy, Mass.; Vice President, William VonCollen, Billings Road, Quincy, Mass.; Financial Secretary, Frank Lints, 194 Washington St.; Recording Secretary, Theodore S. Andrews, 153 Whitwell St.; Quincy, Mass.; Treasurer, John E. Lynch, 40 Upland Road, Quincy, Mass.

(h) No. 190, Newark, N. J.—Meets first and third Thursdays of every month at rodol Building, 280 Plane St. President, Tom Porth, 62 Hamburg Place; Vice President, Herman Graff, 322 14th Ave.; Financial Secretary, F. A. Conery, 18 Ellis Ave., Irvington, N. J.; Recording Secretary, Wm. Varley, 261 Clifton Ave.; Treasurer, M. C. Wright, 1011 Broad St.

(c) No. 194, Shreveport, La.—Meets every Monday night at the Owls' Hall, Texas and Common Sts. President, W. A. Brobst, 1912 Laurel St.; Vice President, David Thompson, 219 Texas St.; Financial Secretary, Morris Chambers, Box 703; Recording Secretary, Percy Elliott, Box 263; Treasurer, J. C. Biggs, 2831 Milton St.

No. Sub-194, Shreveport, La.—President, Dona Roatcap, 729 Colton St.; Vice President, Carra Rogers, 1263 Murphy St.; Financial Secretary, Myrtle Bowman, 1143½ Texas Ave.; Recording Secretary, Minnie High, 40 Home Telephone Co.; Treasurer, Bessie Brown, 1607 Park Ave.

(c) No. 197, Bloomington, Ill.—Meets first and third Wednesdays of month in Trades' Assembly Hall, Main St. President, W. F. Weiler, 502 S. Mason St.; Vice President, Ed E. Emmett, S. Summit St.; Financial Secretary, E. A. Havens, 823 E. Jefferson St.; Recording Secretary, Hal Webster, 1211 N. Roosevelt St.; Treasurer, Richard Gray, 806 S. Bunn St.

(a) No. 206, Jefferson City, Mo.—Meets first and third Thursdays of each month at Union Hall in County Court House. President, D. A. Daso, Monroe St.; Vice President, J. B. Leslie, Madison St.; Financial Secretary, C. E. Martin, 118 E. Ashley St.; Recording Secretary, C. E. Martin, 118 E. Ashley St.; Treasurer, J. W. Case, E. High St., City Hall Bldg.

(c) No. 212, Cincinnati, Ohio.—Meets every Wednesday night at 1313 Vine St. President, John McFadden, 1313 Vine St.; Vice President, Harry Richter, 1313 Vine St.; Financial Secretary, Arthur Liebenrood, 14 Mitchell Place; Recording Secretary, Ernst Simonton, 1313 Vine St.; Treasurer, Al. Behrman, 1313 Vine St.

(c) No. 226, Topeka, Kan.—Meets first and third Wednesdays at 8 p. m. at 418 Kansas Ave., 3d floor, back hall. President, T. E. Vesper, 818 W. 8th St.; M. G. Hathaway, 1323 College Ave.; Financial Secretary, J. L. Lewis, 606 Buchanan St.; Recording Secretary, Chas. Maunsell, 1828 Buchanan St.; Treasurer, I. F. Doane, 314 W. 7th St.

No. 233, Colorado Springs, Colo.—Meets Thursday, 8 p. m., at Obien Block, Tejon St. President, G. F. Smith, 5 W. Bijou; Financial Secretary, D. J. Elkins, 518 N. Spruce St.; Recording Secretary, J. K. Mullen, 127 E. Los Animas St.

(c) No. 259, Beverly, Mass.—Meets second and fourth Wednesdays at Atlantic Hall, Cabot St. President, R. W. Porter, 3 Lemon St., Salem; Vice President, John F. Burns, Jackson St., Beverly; Financial Secretary, Jas. A. Robinson, 8 Highland Ave., Salem; Recording Secretary, E. M. Dawson, 5 Hardy St., Beverly; Treasurer, Geo. E. Smith, 14 Bisson St., Beverly.

No. 234, Richmond, Ind.—Meets Wednesday at Labor Hall, S. 6th St. President, R. C. Gardner, 211 S. 14th St.; Vice President, Gerald Lake, 235 S. 4th St.; Financial Secretary, Walter L. Ellis, 609 N. A St.; Recording Secretary, W. F. Walters, 22 N. 11th St.; Treasurer, Fred F. Ball, 306 Chestnut St.

(c) No. 235, Savannah, Ga.—Meets every Thursday at Board of Trade Building, Bay and Drayton Sts. President, J. R. Dorgan, 420 Huntington St., E.; Vice President, A. B. Conner, 352 Montgomery St.; Financial Secretary, R. Smallwood, 305 Liberty, E.; Recording Secretary, A. E. Wells, 132 Abercorn St.; Treasurer, R. Smallwood, 306 Liberty, E.

No. 236, Streator, Ill.—Meets on Main St. President, Walter Brehman, 1103 E. Kent St.; Vice President, Ed Blain, 614 N. Wasson St.; Financial Secretary, Geo. Duffner, 514 W. Bridge St.; Recording Secretary, Ed Kelly, 511 S. Illinois St.; Treasurer, Geo. Duffner.

(h) No. 247, Schenectady, N. Y.—Meets first and third Thursday nights of each month at 246 State St. President, I. D. Pangburn, 46 Guilderland Ave.; Vice President, A. Sager, 403 Summit Ave.; Financial Secretary, Jas. H. Cameron, 7 State St.; Recording Secretary, R. A. Jones, Box 696; Treasurer, C. L. Hand, 35 Turner Ave.

No. Sub-247, Schenectady, N. Y.—Meets first and third Thursdays at Electrical Workers' Hall, 246 State St. President, Daisy Cain, 48 Guilderland Ave.; Vice President, Nettie Depew, 575 Summit Ave.; Financial Secretary, Mabel Aldrich, 4 Willet St.; Recording Secretary, Margaret A. Moore, Stanford Locust Grove, Treasurer, Rose La Fontaine, 311 Clinton St.

No. 249, Ottawa, Ont., Can.—President, M. Burke, 166 Cambridge St.; Vice President, R. Lyons, 237 Laurier Ave., W.; Financial Secretary, S. Finch, 240 Laurier St.; Recording Secretary, E. Armstrong, 113 Waverly St.; Treasurer, W. Bond, 309 Sunnyside Ave.

No. 252, Huntington, W. Va.—Meets every Wednesday at Broh Building, 9th St. & 3d Ave. President, W. S. Barnett, 832 5th Ave., Hunting-

ton, W. Va.; Vice President, M. L. Younger, 717 3d Ave., Huntington, W. Va.; Financial Secretary, J. E. Peyton, 1036 4th Ave., Huntington, W. Va.; Recording Secretary, A. C. Singer, 1517 7th Ave., Huntington, W. Va.; Treasurer, H. A. Weaver, 1036 4th Ave., Huntington, W. Va.

(g) No. 254, Schenectady, N. Y.—Meets fourth Tuesday in each month at I. B. E. W. Hall, 246 State St. President, E. Hoeth, Box 21, R. F. D. No. 6, Schenectady, N. Y.; Vice President, P. McLaren, 611 Chapel St., Schenectady, N. Y.; Financial Secretary, R. J. Lyons, 407 Hulett St., Recording Secretary, M. T. Northup, 611 South Ave.; Schenectady, N. Y.; Treasurer, A. Buchanan, 26 Columbia St., Schenectady, N. Y.

(a) No. 255, Ashland, Wis.—Meets second Wednesday of every month at Pabst Hall, 2d St., W. President, W. E. Mitchell, 510 Prentice Ave., E.; Vice President, Loyd Hinchlof, 613 Prentice Ave., E.; Financial Secretary, Paul Halba, Jr., 602 Prentice Ave., E.; Recording Secretary, Paul Hoba, Jr., 602 Prentice Ave., E.

(c) No. 257, Lake Charles, La.—Meets second Monday of the month at Central Trades and Labor Council, 708 Ryan St. President, J. W. Gallion, 1120 Front St.; Vice President, L. E. Stanley, 728 Pugo St.; Financial Secretary, A. R. Fairly, Box 439; Treasurer, Wm. C. Horn.

(c) No. 259, Beverly, Mass.—Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month at Atlantic Hall, Cabot St. President, R. W. Porter, 3 Lemon St., Salem; Vice President, John F. Burns, Jackson St., Beverly; Financial Secretary, Jas. A. Robinson, 48 Highland Ave., Salem; Recording Secretary, E. M. Dawson, 5 Hardy St., Beverly; Treasurer, Geo. E. Smith, 14 Bisson St., Beverly.

No. 262, Plainfield, N. J.—Meets second and fourth Mondays of the month at Building Council Rooms, 204 W. Front St. President, T. C. Harding, 615 John St., Plainfield, N. J.; Vice President, R. Eatz, 751 Midway Ave.; Financial Secretary, W. Reynolds, 970 Arlington Ave.; Recording Secretary, J. King, 22 Verdon St.; Treasurer, F. P. Pope, 73 Grandview Ave.

(a) No. 263, Tulsa, Okla.—Meets first Friday at Northside Fire Station. President, J. Norris, No. 2 Fire Station; Vice President, J. W. Van Horn, 217 S. Xenthus; Financial and Corresponding Secretary, W. I. Bond, 413 S. Cincinnati Ave.; Treasurer, R. Owens, 219 N. Cheyenne.

(e) No. 267, Schenectady, N. Y.—Meets first and third Saturdays of each month on 246 State St. President, Geo. T. Kerr, 111 Fairview Ave.; Vice President, H. A. Stewart, 62 Foster Ave.; Financial Secretary, H. E. DeGroat, 717 Crane St.; Recording Secretary, H. E. Opdycke, 611 Lenox Road; Treasurer, Herbert DeGroat, 717 Crane St.

(c) No. 268, Newport, R. I.—Meets first and third Thursday nights of each month at Thames St. President, W. Powers, 11 Kilburn Court; Financial Secretary, G. B. Reynolds, 32 W. Newport Ave.; Recording Secretary, F. C. Gurnett, 70 3d St.; Treasurer, E. W. Gladding, 2 Coddington St.

(a) No. 269, Trenton, N. J.—Meets every Friday night in Ribson's Building, Broad and Front Sts. President, Geo. Wallace, 406 Market St., Trenton, N. J.; Vice President, Thos. Mooney, 157 Ashmore Ave., Trenton, N. J.; Financial Secretary, Frank L. Morris, R. F. D. No. 5, Trenton, N. J.; Recording Secretary, Alvin Tharp, 159 Hewitt Ave., Deuterville, Trenton, N. J.; Treasurer, Richard Kane, 10 Wetherspoon St., Princeton, N. J.

(h) No. 270, New York, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesdays at Beethoven Hall, 210 E. 5th St. President, C. Paulson, 107 Stuben St., Brooklyn, N. Y.; Vice President, J. Hoffman, 1018 E. 156th St., New York; Financial Secretary, F. Man, 2158 Crotona Ave., Bronx, New York City; Recording Secretary, R. Goetchins, 504 11th

St., Brooklyn, N. Y.; Treasurer, C. Greene, 40 Washington St., New Rochelle, N. Y.

No. 271, Detroit, Mich.—Meets Monday. President, Edward Ismond, 597 Lincoln Ave.; Vice President, A. D. Taber, 141 Lincoln Ave.; Financial Secretary, G. W. Severance, 33 Jones Bldg.; Recording Secretary, Wm. Slattery, 500 Brainard St.; Treasurer, H. C. Hipple, 23 Adams Ave., East.

(a) No. 277, Kingston, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Thursdays at 10 Grand St. President, Jas. Morris, 144 Downs St.; Financial Secretary, H. H. Buckbee, 10 Grand St.; Recording Secretary, Roswell Coles, 70 Maiden Lane; Treasurer, Asa Budington, 31 Prince St.

(a) No. 282, Chicago, Ill.—Meets second and fourth Monday nights at 4351 S. Halsted St. President, O. H. Lutman, 3118 Indiana Ave.; Financial Secretary, Geo. Wolf, 3637 N. Paulina St.; Recording Secretary, W. J. O'Leary, 5532 S. Loomas St.; Treasurer, Thos. Murray, 7033 E. End Ave.

(c) No. 292, Minneapolis, Minn.—Meets second and fourth Monday each month at 16 S. 5th St. President, Chas. A. Anderson, 1614 Washington Ave., N.; Vice President, J. B. Lein, 310 7th St., S.; Financial Secretary, W. E. Kenney, Business Agent, 36 S. 6th St.; Recording Secretary, R. S. Chase, 4437 1st Ave., S.; Treasurer, E. C. Quackenbush, 4733 Blaisdell Ave.

No. 302, Vallejo, Calif.—Financial Secretary, Alex. O'Brien, 10 Kentucky St.

(a) No. 303, St. Catharines, Ontario.—Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Carpenters' Hall, St. Paul St. President, Albert Lepage, 137 Queenston St.; Vice President, Robert Jones, 9 St. Paul St.; Financial Secretary, Geo. Flower, 101 Vine St.; Recording Secretary, Clarence Walters, 98 Welland Ave.; Treasurer, J. C. Clifford, 64 Welland Ave.

No. 305, Ft. Wayne, Ind.—Meets Wednesday at Carpenters' Hall, Calhoun St. President, F. Ropa, 2803 Weiser Park Ave.; Vice President, H. Blee, 326 E. Main St.; Financial Secretary, C. Grodrian, 2809 Hanna St.; Recording Secretary, G. G. Strohman, 706 Walnut St.; Treasurer, H. Miller, 1317 Jackson St.

(a) No. 306, Albuquerque, N. Mex.—Meets second and fourth Fridays at 116½ W. Central Ave. President, T. O. Drummond, 310 S. Arne St.; Financial Secretary, E. Herrman, 902 S. 4th St.; Recording Secretary, Dan Dry, 308 S. Broadway; Treasurer, J. Sena, 523 S. First St.

No. 318, Knoxville, Tenn.—President, O. L. Jordan, 910 W. 5th Ave.; Recording Secretary, Chas. Vaughan, 2518 Washington Ave.

(i) No. 319, Pittsburg, Pa.—Meets first and third Thursday nights at 411 Wood St., Pittsburg, Pa. President, Geo. E. Wheeler, 10 Freeland St.; Vice President, C. C. Freedman, 411 Wood St.; Financial Secretary, J. F. Manley, 1120 Lincoln Ave.; Recording Secretary, J. J. Slomer, 225 Lothrop St.; Treasurer, J. F. Manley, 303 Lily Ave.

No. 321, LaSalle, Ill.—At the Post Hall, First St. President, Thos. Heffron; Vice President, Geo. Green; Financial Secretary, Carl C. Sieber; Recording Secretary, Albert M. Piker, 947 Seventh St.; Treasurer, R. C. Hughett.

No. 322, Terrell, Tex.—Meets every other Monday night at Carpenters' Hall, Moore Ave. President, R. A. Mercer, 701 E. Asylum Ave.; Vice President, P. R. Rummell; Financial Secretary, W. A. Wolen, 503 E. Moore Ave.; Recording Secretary, L. A. Harris; Treasurer, C. S. Anderson, 204 W. High.

No. 327, Kalamazoo, Mich.—Financial Secretary, H. Burbridge, 839 Oakland Drive.

(a) No. 328, Oswego, N. Y.—Meets first and third Fridays at Labor Hall, W. 1st St. President, John S. Joyce, 26 W. 3d St.; Vice President, E. C. Bough, 40 E. Albany St.; Financial Secretary, F. W. Gallagher, 79 E. 8th St.; Recording Secretary, Fred Manner, 22 Varick St.; Treasurer, Thos. Houlihan, E. Bridge St.

No. 332, San Jose, Calif.—President, E. Kuehnis, 438 Minor Ave.; Vice President, J. Blake, 728 S. Second St.; Financial Secretary, J. S. Penrod, California Elect. Works; Recording Secretary, E. A. Stock, 117 W. William St.; Treasurer, G. Baker, care T. E. Baker & Sons.

(a) No. 335, Springfield, Mo.—Meets every Wednesday night at Dongeldrein Hall, 323 Boonville. President, J. H. Eutsler, 612 Billings St.; Vice President, F. H. Eagleburger, 439 W. Scott St.; Financial Secretary, J. M. Aldridge, 725 Evans St.; Recording Secretary, Ralph Cline, 607 W. Scott St.; Treasurer, H. E. Reynolds, 1359 Frisco Ave.

No. 336, Dayton, Ohio—Meets every Monday night in Machinists' Hall, 38 E. 3d St. President, C. Carey, 1524 E. 2d St.; Financial Secretary, H. Tobias, 412 S. Brown St.; Recording Secretary, A. Wall, 118 Lawnview Ave.; Treasurer, Eugene Pottle, 1409 S. Wayne Ave.

(c) No. 340, Sacramento, Calif.—Meets second and fourth Friday nights at Labor Temple, 8th and I Sts. President, L. M. Clausen, 1421 25th St.; Vice President, E. G. Hearst, 1530 J St.; Financial Secretary, E. N. Fish, 1416 12th St.; Recording Secretary, R. H. Hunter, Bismarck Hotel; Treasurer, L. T. Weber, 2724 J St.

(a) No. 349, Miami, Fla.—First and third Tuesday nights at Central Union Hall, 8th and Ave. D. President, E. W. Qullen, care General Delivery; Vice President, Roy Williams, 400 Ave. D; Financial Secretary, W. B. Abell, Box 734; Recording Secretary, W. M. Frish, care General Delivery; Treasurer, W. M. Frish, care General Delivery.

No. 354, Salt Lake City, Utah.—Financial Secretary, F. E. Weidner, Box 213.

(a) No. 358, Perth Amboy, N. J.—Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at Union Hall, 146 Smith St. President, Norris M. Terwillinger, 50 Jefferson St.; Vice President, J. C. Jensen, 117 Paterson St.; Financial Secretary, Chris Dale, 325 Oak St.; Recording Secretary, Thos. Toolin, 212 Madison Ave.; Treasurer, John K. Flomerfelt, 50 Hazelwood Ave., Rahway, N. J.; Business Agent, Norris M. Terwillinger.

(a) No. 261, Tonopah, Nev.—Meets second and fourth Fridays at Musican's Hall, St. Patrick St. President, M. M. Buckley, Box 293; Vice President, G. H. White, Box 1012; Financial Secretary, M. S. Evans, Box 1012; Recording Secretary, Walter Ross, Box 908; Treasurer, G. H. White, Box 1012.

(b) No. 362, Kankakee, Ill.—Meets Friday night at Bartenders' Hall, 129 W. Court St. President, C. E. Suple, 253 First St.; Vice President, A. E. Rice, Hobbie Heights; Financial Secretary, L. W. Healy, 328 Myrtle Ave.; Recording Secretary, E. Hancock, 164 Elm Ave.; Treasurer, L. W. Healy, 328 Myrtle Ave.

(a) No. 369, Louisville, Ky.—Meets Monday at 205 S. 5th St. President, G. E. Blakely, 2106 Wilson St.; Vice President, Geo. Cannon, 540½ S. 3d St.; Financial Secretary, E. L. Baxter, 2919 Montgomery St.; Recording Secretary, John Wolf, 2026 Portland Ave.; Treasurer, Harry Signier, 1733 Frankfort Ave.

(a) No. 375, Peterboro, Ont.—Meets second and last Fridays of each month at Labor Hall, 435½ George St. President, A. Whitney, 389 Queen St.; Vice President, A. Guerin, 191 Simcoe St.; Financial Secretary, A. E. Brasseur, 172 Simcoe St.; Treasurer, J. J. Platt, 172 Charlotte St.

No. 377, Lynn, Mass.—Meets second and fourth Mondays, 62 Munroe St. President, David Duval, 54 Hamilton Ave.; Vice President, Frank L. Connell, Swampscot; Financial Secretary, Roderick E. Roberts, 15 Aborn Place; Recording Secretary, John B. Pittepass, 15 Friend St. Place; Treasurer, Guy Perkins, 9 Hemingway St., Sagus.

(j) No. Sub-377, Lynn, Mass.—Meets first and third Tuesdays of the month on 62 Munroe St., Lynn, Mass. President, Mary J. Libbey, 120 S. Common St., Lynn; Vice President, Mrs. Agnes Murray, 120 S. Common St., Lynn; Financial Secretary, Catherine Bannon, 1 Willow Court, Saugus, Mass.; Recording Secretary, Mary Sullivan, 60 N. Common St., Lynn; Treasurer, Lizzie Leawood, 48 Jessie St., Lynn.

(i) No. 381, Chicago, Ill.—Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month at 10 South Clark St. President, Frank Malley, 1655 Millard Ave.; Vice President, Theo. Bedgood, 1416 N. Avers Ave.; Financial Secretary, Walter F. Fitzgerald, 1144 W. 15th St.; Recording Secretary, C. M. Hall, 1941 Cornelia Ave.; Treasurer, Wm. Rombach, 200 N. California Ave.

(c) No. 348, Muskogee, Okla.—Meets Tuesday in Scales Building, S. Second St. President, W. L. McClure, 1205 Dorchester St.; Vice President, Clarence Rubsam, 221 W. Okmulgee; Financial Secretary, W. O. Pitchford, Surety Building; Recording Secretary, Paul Dewine, 119 N. O. St.; Treasurer, Gilford Anderson, City Hall.

No. 388, Salistine, Texas.—Meets first and third Wednesdays. President, S. A. Taylor, Pine St.; Vice President, H. W. Andrews, Gen. Del.; Financial Secretary, C. F. Spencer, 315 Palmer St.; Recording Secretary, C. F. Spencer, 315 Palmer St.; Treasurer, Atmar O'Neill, Gen. Del.

(b) No. 390, Hamilton, Ont.—Meets first and third Fridays at Trade and Labor Hall, John St., S. President, A. Taunge, 40 Liberty St.; Vice President, C. W. Finnie; Financial Secretary, A. Hurd, 131 Forest Ave.; Recording Secretary, P. Tansley, 50 Catherine St., S.; Treasurer, Geo. Hurd, 117 Charlton Ave., E.

(a) No. 392, Troy, N. Y.—Meets first and third Mondays, 8 p. m., at Plumbers' Hall, 1st and Congress Sts. President, James C. Daley, 10 Mangan St., Codocs, N. Y.; Vice President, Frank Miller, 1207 5th Ave.; Watershet, N. Y.; Financial Secretary, George P. Brunell, 147 George St., Green Island, N. Y.; Recording Secretary, E. E. Edwards, 132 9th St., Troy, N. Y.; Treasurer, Wm. Ryan, Ramkin Steamer, Troy, N. Y.

(c) No. 394, Auburn, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month at Mantel's Hall, Water St. President, Philip Guy, 35 Mary St.; Vice President, Fred Barker, North St.; Financial Secretary, T. L. Whiting, 29 Elizabeth; Recording Secretary, T. L. Whiting, 29 Elizabeth; Treasurer, Thomas Mohon, 51 Steele St.

(f) No. 396, Boston, Mass.—Meets first and third Wednesdays at 987 Washington St., Boston. President, Arthur J. McCarron, 40 Wenham St., Forest Hills; Vice President, John Cameron, 72 Bellevue Ave., Roslindale; Financial Secretary, Jos. E. Fitzgerald, (Tel. Doe 4172m), 159 King St., Dorchester, Mass.; Recording Secretary, M. J. Donalme, 366 Meridian St., East Boston; Treasurer, Walter R. Sawyer, 50 Greenwood St., Dorchester.

(a) No. 397, Paraiso, Canal Zone, Panama.—Meets first Saturday and second Monday, 8 p. m., at Paraiso Lodge Hall and Pedro Migaal Lodge's Hall (alternate), President, Jas. E. McHugh, Paraiso, C. Z.; Vice President, H. W. Jacobsen, Paraiso, C. Z.; Financial Secretary, Wm. B. O'Donnell, Paraiso, C. Z., Box 98; Recording Secretary, H. V. Howard, Paraiso, C. Z.; Treasurer, W. M. Phillips, Paraiso, C. Z.



(a) No. 402, Greenwich, Conn.—Meets first and third Thursdays of each month at 225 Greenwich Ave. President, Henry Ritch, 14 Sherwood Pl., Greenwich, Conn.; Financial Secretary, William Peck, 11 Lawrence St., Greenwich, Conn.; Recording Secretary, Harry Holbeck, 260 Railroad Ave., Greenwich, Conn.; Treasurer, William Peck, 11 Lawrence St., Greenwich, Conn.

(a) No. 403, Roanoke, Va.—Meets second and fourth Saturday nights at Labor Home, Commerce St. President, J. R. Barbour, Third Ave., N. E.; Vice President, G. P. Ruddell, 224 4th Ave., N. W.; Financial Secretary, E. H. Franklin, 415 Woodland Ave., S. E.; Recording Secretary, F. B. Tucker, 346 Campbell Ave., S. W.; Treasurer, E. H. Franklin, 415 Woodland Ave., S. E.

(i) No. 404, San Francisco, Calif.—Meets second and fourth Mondays in Building Trades' Hall, Guerrero and 14th Sts. President, C. H. McConaughy, 145 Jersey St.; Vice President, P. Burchard, 1625 Polk St.; Financial Secretary, H. Zecher, 1908 Essex St., Berkeley; Recording Secretary, J. P. Boyd, 446 14th St.; Treasurer, H. Gardiner, 1332 33d Ave., E. Oakland.

No. 407, Marquette, Mich.—Financial Secretary, C. H. Krieg, 443 Bluff St.

No. 410, Calgary, Alta, Can.—Financial Secretary, I. Metzger, 723 5th Ave. West.

(i) No. 419, New York, N. Y.—Meets first and third Fridays at Comerford Hall, 301 8th Ave. President, J. P. Willetts, 246 York St., Jersey City, N. J.; Vice President, Peter Gilchrist, 330 W. 18th St.; Financial Secretary, J. Keating, 234 9th Ave.; Recording Secretary, Jas Ryan, 500 W. 32d St.; Treasurer, H. F. Cook, 217 Willis Ave., Bronx, N. Y.

(b) No. 423, Waterbury, Conn.—Meets second and fourth Tuesdays of each month at McCarthy's Hall, Grand St. President, H. Pfurr, corner Phenix and Abbot Ave.; Vice President, A. Gagnon, 377 W. Main St.; Financial Secretary, A. O. Tyler, 411 W. Main St.; Recording Secretary, J. C. Clark, 415 W. Main St.; Treasurer, A. O. Tyler.

No. 425, Roanoke, Va.—Meets first and third Wednesdays at Labor Hall, Commerce and Salem Ave. President, W. E. Stanley; Financial Secretary, W. S. Peck; Recording Secretary, C. P. Haber, R. F. D. No. 3.

(a) No. 426, Portsmouth, N. H.—Meets second and fourth Tuesdays of each month at Socialist Hall, 33 Congress St. President, F. C. Hatch, Kittery, Me.; Vice President, N. J. Groux Portsmouth, N. H.; Financial Secretary, R. C. Monton, Portsmouth, N. H.; Recording Secretary, R. C. Monton, 301 Richards Ave., Portsmouth, N. H.; Treasurer, Thos. Condon, 1 Rockingham St., Portsmouth, N. H.

(c) No. 427, Springfield, Ill.—Meets second and fourth Friday nights, 8 o'clock, 210 S. 5th St., 3d floor. President, Lee Long, 523 S. Spring St.; Vice President, W. M. Chiles, 430 S. 7th St.; Financial Secretary, C. A. Meador, 821 S. Glenwood Ave.; Recording Secretary, F. E. Lawrence, P. O. Box 366; Treasurer, F. C. Bishop, 107 W. Monroe St.

(g) No. 429, Springfield, Mass.—Meets first and third Mondays of each month at C. L. U. Hall, Sanford St. President, John R. McNally, 75 Avon St.; Vice President, Fred L. Beebe, Camp Ground, Liberty St.; Financial Secretary, Warren E. Clark, 304 Central St.; Recording Secretary, Carl N. Butler, 438 N. Main St.; Treasurer, Robert E. Kearin, 109 Buckingham St.

(a) No. 430, Racine, Wis.—Meets second and fourth Wednesdays in Hall Building, Main and 4th Sts. President, George A. Baldwin, 630 Mead St.; Vice President, Ed Schenkenberg, 1239 Superior St.; Financial Secretary, R. M. Hogbin, 623 Lake Ave.; Recording Secretary, O. F. Rush,

1539 Quincy Ave.; Treasurer, Nels J. Rasmussen, 2823 16th St.

(h) No. 442, Schenectady, N. Y.—Meets third Monday of the month at Donohue Building, State St. President, John Wickham, 129 Prospect St.; Vice President, C. D. Keaveney, 743 Nott St.; Financial Secretary, C. S. Gwillam, 31 Euclid Ave.; Recording Secretary, T. H. Roberts, 949 Albany St.; Treasurer, F. C. Morehouse, R. F. D. No. 7, Alplause.

No. Sub-442, Schenectady, N. Y.—Meets first Monday of each month at Electrical Workers' Hall, 246 State St. President, Tessie Wilson, 755 Nott St.; Vice President, Grace Romeyee, 331 Veeder Ave.; Financial Secretary, Florence Hotaling, 20 Hamburg St., Schenectady, N. Y.; Recording Secretary, Mrs. Lillian Selke, 19 N. College St.; Treasurer, Nellie Blackburn, 420 Hulet St.

No. 443, Montgomery, Ala.—President, C. F. Parish, 8 Ryan St.; Vice President, J. L. Watson; Financial Secretary, R. Baker, Box 331; Recording Secretary, E. Bragdon, 511 Mildred St.

(a) No. 444, Carlinville, Ill.—Meets first and third Tuesdays of each month at Federation Hall, 121½ S. Broad St. President, J. K. Tawey, 218 S. 2d St.; Vice President, W. E. Bowers, 122 E. Nicholas St.; Financial Secretary, A. J. Oller, 319 N. Plum St.; Recording Secretary, W. A. Van Winkle, 248 N. East St.; Treasurer, A. J. Oller, 319 N. Plum St.

No. 453, Billings, Mont.—Meets each Wednesday, 107 N. 27th St. President, Chas. Warner, Box 113; Vice President, Frank Golish, 204 N. 32d St.; Financial Secretary, E. M. Rouse, 319 S. 30th.

No. 454, Macon, Ga.—Meets every Monday at Electricians' Hall, 515 Mulberry St. President, I. T. Smyly, 115 Garden St.; F. D. Smyly, 115 Garden St.; Recording Secretary, R. Daunenfelder, 517 Mulberry St.; Recording Secretary, I. M. Baggett, Jr., 669 Mulberry St.; Treasurer, J. C. Holmes, 172 Magnolia St.

No. 461, Aurora, Ill.—President, R. J. Gilmore; Vice President, Ed. Bach; Financial Secretary, L. S. Sims; Recording Secretary, J. L. Quirin, 508 Ogden Ave.; Treasurer, Norbert Berve.

(a) No. 462, Waycross, Ga.—Meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., at Bunn Bldg., Elizabeth St. President, Geo. D. Cottingham, Waycross, Ga.; Vice President, O. C. Furlong, Waycross, Ga.; Financial Secretary, L. H. Palmer, Box 71, Waycross, Ga.; Recording Secretary, J. W. McCullough, Box 71, Waycross, Ga.

(a) No. 463, Montreal, P. N.—Meets Wednesday at Colonial Hall, 325 Clark St. President, E. J. Martin, 86 Laurier St., W.; Vice President, G. H. Drysdale, 33 Richmond Square; Financial Secretary, B. P. Bobi, 1545 St. Denis; Recording Secretary, H. Paratte, 111 St. Andre; Treasurer, T. N. Rowling, 2359 Chateaubriand Ave.

(h) No. 464, Schenectady, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month at I. B. E. W. Hall, State St. President, Fred Schuldt, 1008 Delamont Ave.; Vice President, Geo. W. Weber, 6 Princeton St.; Financial Secretary, John Hesler, 2 Ford St.; Recording Secretary, John Boyd, 9 Ontario St.; Treasurer, John Olsen, Oakland Ave., Scotia, R. F. D. No. 8.

No. Sub-464, Schenectady, N. Y.—Financial Secretary, L. F. Weber, 6 Princeton St.

No. 470, Haverhill, Mass.—President, David Sarsfield; Vice President, Dan Carleton; Financial Secretary, L. W. Leavitt, 6 Peabody St.; Recording Secretary, Chas. E. Warren, 91 Emerson St.; Treasurer, L. W. Leavitt, 6 Peabody St.

No. 471, Millinocket, Me.—Financial Secretary, W. J. Boddy, Millinocket, Me.

(a) No. 474, Memphis, Tenn.—Meets Thursday every week at Italian Hall, S. Second St. President, Tate Dawkins, 682 Cox Ave.; Vice President, W. H. Smith, 2053 Union Ave.; Financial Secretary, J. C. S. Lowery, 545 Edgewood Ave.; Recording Secretary, R. W. Dawkins, 812 Vance Ave.; Treasurer, J. E. S. Lowery, 545 Edgewood Ave.

No. 476, Saginaw, Mich.—President, J. E. Willard; Vice President, Harry Cranwell; Financial Secretary, F. B. Johnson, Hotel Schuck, West Side, Saginaw, Mich.; Recording Secretary, C. H. Willard, 1010 N. Washington Ave.; Treasurer, O. E. Sowaski.

No. 478, Waco, Tex.—Financial Secretary, F. G. West, Box 1128.

No. 479, Beaumont, Tex.—President, E. S. Asbury; Financial Secretary, C. A. Weber, Box 932.

No. 480, Portland, Ore.—Financial Secretary, P. A. Spice, 1027 E. 15th Ave., N.

(c) No. 481, Indianapolis, Ind.—Meets Wednesday at Labor Temple, 138 W. Washington St. President, P. A. Boland, 138 W. Washington St.; Vice President, A. Jacobs, 138 W. Washington St.; Financial Secretary, J. T. Campbell, 138 W. Washington St.; Recording Secretary, E. Nessler, 138 W. Washington St.; Treasurer, Thos. Haefling, 138 W. Washington St.; Business Agent, H. E. Courtot.

No. 485, Rock Island, Ill.—President, A. L. Loring, 1403 6th Ave.; Vice President, H. C. Auld, 1412 6th Ave.; Financial Secretary, Geo. Kling, 129 12th St.; Recording Secretary, E. T. Anderson, 1025 16th Ave.; Treasurer, E. A. Martin, 859 17th St.

(c) No. 488, Bridgeport, Conn.—Meets second and fourth Mondays in month at Park Theatre Bldg., Cain St. President, George Saltzger, Stratford, Conn.; Vice President, W. S. E. Clark, 482 Broad St.; Financial Secretary, Edward Doblesien, 1073 Madison Ave.; Recording Secretary, Harry C. Abercrombia, 168 Hough Ave.; Treasurer, Vernon H. Skillings, 115 Milne St.

(b) No. 490, Dallas, Tex.—Meets every Tuesday at Waiters' Hall 1802½ Elm St. President, A. W. Wright, P. O. Box 572; Vice President, O. W. Allen, P. O. Box 572; Financial Secretary, F. J. Feige, P. O. Box 572; Recording Secretary, H. B. Nicholl, P. O. Box 572; Treasurer, T. O. Bilton, P. O. Box 572.

(c) No. 492, Columbus, Ga.—Meets every Monday at 8 p. m. at Knights of Columbus Hall, Broad St. President, Edward E. Jordan, 840 Broad St.; Vice President, I. M. Hudson, Girard, Ala.; Financial Secretary, Edw. E. Jordan, 840 Broad St.; Recording Secretary, Lewis E. Johnson, Girard, Ala.; Treasurer, J. W. Elder, 813 1st Ave.

(c) No. 493, Columbus, Ga.—Meets every Monday at 8:00 p. m. at Knights of Columbus Hall, Broad St. President, Edward E. Jordan, 840 Broad St.; Vice President, J. M. Hudson, Girard, Ala.; Financial Secretary, J. W. Elder, 813 1st Ave.; Recording Secretary, Lewis E. Johnson, Girard, Ala.; Treasurer, J. W. Elder, 813 1st Ave.

(c) No. 494, Milwaukee, Wis.—Meets every Thursday night in Jung's Hall, 3d and Sherman Sts. President, W. T. Gute, 1072 6th St.; Vice President, W. Wilke, 715 41st St.; Financial Secretary, J. McCarthy, 225 18th St.; Recording Secretary, J. W. Daley, 1311 10th St.; Treasurer, H. Faber, 1015 33d St.

(a) No. 495, Schenectady, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Electrical Workers' Hall, State St. President, Wm. Seabridge, 816 Crane St.; Vice President, C. P. Niles, 516

Summitt Ave.; Financial Secretary, W. J. Gardner, 830 Duane Ave.; Recording Secretary, H. A. Young, 721 Crane St.; Treasurer, Fred Phide, 955 Strong St.

(a) No. Sub-495, Schenectady, N. Y.—Meets fourth Tuesday of each month at Electrical Workers' Hall, State St. President, Frances Hannah, 107 Ballston Ave., Scotia, N. Y.; Financial Secretary, Celia P. Barnes, 313 First St., Scotia, N. Y.; Recording Secretary, Louise Van Wert, 618 Terrace Place, Schenectady, N. Y.; Treasurer, Margaret Rice, 212 Second Ave., Schenectady, N. Y.

No. 499, Brockton, Mass.—President, Harry A. Ryan, 185 Crescent St., Brockton, Mass.; Vice President, Oscar Gassett, Jr., 50 Glenwood Ave., Brockton, Mass.; Financial Secretary, Jos. L. Fitzpatrick, 47 Highland St., Brockton, Mass.; Recording Secretary, Jos. P. Fish, 243 Belmont St., Brockton, Mass.; Treasurer, Thomas F. Slowey, 29 Hancock St., Brockton, Mass.

(a) No. 501, Yonkers, N. Y.—Meets first and third Fridays of each month at Wiggins' Hall, N. Broadway St. President, Wm. Parslow, Cliff St.; Vice President, A. S. Hohe, 127 Yonkers Ave.; Financial Secretary, F. F. Crowley, 921 Nepperhan Ave.; Recording Secretary, J. E. Stillman, 136 Morningside Ave.; Treasurer, C. P. Smith, Jessamine Ave.

No. 502, Utica, N. Y.—Financial Secretary, Chas. R. Wider, 7th and James.

(i) No. 503, Boston, Mass.—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month at 987 Washington St., Boston. President, George W. Mooney, 84 Elm St., Charleston; Vice President, George W. Nureau, 3 Colonial Ave.; Dorchester, Mass.; Financial Secretary, Frank J. Fell, 771 Somerville Ave.; Somerville, Mass.; Recording Secretary, George A. Deans, 9 Appleton St., Atlantic, Mass.; Treasurer, James J. Harrigan, 612 Columbus Ave.; Boston, Mass.

(a) No. 504, Grand Rapids, Mich.—Meets every Wednesday at Trades Council Hall, Monroe Ave. President, L. E. Morgan, 823 Innis Ave.; Vice President, P. E. Goodrich, 232 Bartlette St.; Financial Secretary, J. Dumond, 1017 Watson St.; Recording Secretary, O. S. Livergood, 923 Worden; Treasurer, C. W. Galer, 1014 Franklin, S.E.

(a) No. 505, Corpus Christi, Tex.—Meets Tuesday of each week at Trades Council Hall, 402½ Chaparral St. President, N. Gravett, 1317 Mesquite St.; Vice President, W. H. Whitworth, Salt Lake Ave.; Financial Secretary, Kevin Dunne, 904 Chamberlain and care of C. C. Ice & Electric Co.; Recording Secretary, M. E. Davis, care of Priour Bros. Electric Co.; Treasurer, A. F. Hansen, care of Texas Motor Car Works.

(a) No. 506, Chicago Heights, Ill.—Meets second and fourth Monday night at Trades and Labor Assembly, Chicago Road. President, Walter Niblock, Vincennes Ave.; Vice President, Sam Patterson, E. 23d St.; Financial Secretary, Thos. F. Ryan, 48 W. 21st St.; Recording Secretary, Otto Koehler, Euclid Ave.; Treasurer, F. E. Martin, Centre Ave.

No. 510, Philadelphia, Pa.—Financial Secretary, Joseph Graham, 3113 Edgemont St.

No. 513, Manchester, N. H.—President, Michael Dorris; Financial Secretary, Dennis F. Flynn, Box 394, Concord, N. H.

No. 514, Buffalo, N. Y.—Financial Secretary, G. C. King, 179 Waverly St.

(c) No. 526, Santa Cruz, Calif.—Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Painters' Union Hall, 54½ Pacific Ave. President, H. W. Clark, Santa Cruz, Calif., Box 154; Vice President, J. E. Andrews; Financial Secretary, J. Tondorf, Box 49; Recording Secretary, F. L. Fitch, 236 Broadway, Santa Cruz, Calif.

(a) No. 527, Galveston, Texas.—Meets second and fourth Fridays at Cooks' and Waiters' Hall, Tremont St. President, Henry Aymes, 2203½ Church St.; Vice President, Cris Olsen, 1527 Mechanic St.; Financial Secretary, Wm. Klaus, 3809 Ave. K.; Recording Secretary, A. A. Loden, 2205 Ave. K.; Treasurer, A. W. Baker, 2015 Ave. O.

(a) No. 528, Milwaukee, Wis.—Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month in Freie Gemeinde Hall, 262 4th St. President, Paul Behne, 668 37th St., Milwaukee; Vice President, Eugene Colber, 229 Mason; Financial Secretary, James Hagerman, 619 Linus St.; Recording Secretary, Arnold Radtke, 845 69th Ave., West Allis, Wis.

(c) No. 534, New York, N. Y.—Meets every Thursday at Labor Temple, 247 E. 84th St. President, Chas. Reed, 50 E. 59th St.; Vice President, Jos. Lawler, 50 59th St.; Financial Secretary, W. A. Hogan, 50 E. 59th St.; Recording Secretary, G. W. Whitford, 50 E. 59th St.; Treasurer, Eugene Roth, 50 59th St.

(c) N. 535, Evansville, Ind.—Meets Friday night, 8 p. m., at Owl's Home, 3d and Sycamore. President, A. H. Meier, 200 Mary St.; Vice President, Herbert David, Bismark Cafe; Financial Secretary, Harry P. Doerr, 201 Edgan St.; Recording Secretary, Herman Tischer, 42 Maple Ave.; Treasurer, Harry P. Doerr, 201 Edgan St.

(c) No. 536, Schenectady, N. Y.—Meets first and third Saturdays of each month, 246 State St. President, W. J. Blanchard, 10 Odell St.; Vice President, W. Bisgrove, Stop 4 Albany Rd; Financial Secretary, T. Rourke, 359 Carrie St.; Recording Secretary, Henry D. Leason, 16 Close St.; Treasurer, A. J. Breek, 121 Van Vrankin Ave.

No. 538, Danville, Ill.—Meets every Monday night at 527½ E. Main St. President, Guy N. Kittie, 109 S. Buchanan St.; Financial Secretary, Wilber R. Current, 25 Tennessee Ave.; Recording Secretary, J. E. Foraqua, 605 N. Collet St.

(c) No. 539, Long Beach, Cal.—Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month at Rivera Hall, Broadway St. and Chestnut Ave. President, A. A. Wolf, 820 W. Broadway; Vice President, A. H. Ralph, 2236 Myrtle Ave.; Financial Secretary, R. Y. Fish, 795 Rose Ave.; Recording Secretary, W. E. Roberts, 242 American Ave.; Treasurer, W. E. Roberts, 242 American Ave.

(i) No. 541, Minneapolis, Minn.—Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Federation, 104 Washington Ave. President, W. D. Cochran, 2642 1st Ave., S.; Vice President, C. H. Finley, 129 4th St., S.E.; Financial Secretary, H. E. Gable, 3317 Nicollet Ave.; Recording Secretary, J. A. Meyrelles, 314 E. 14th St.; Treasurer, A. S. Nelson, 819 23d Ave., S.

No. 546, Porterville, Cal.—Financial Secretary, B. M. Greenwood, Box 309.

No. 547, Fairmont, W. Va.—Financial Secretary, E. H. Childs, 1318 7th St.

No. 548, Pekin, Ill.—Financial Secretary, P. Klein.

No. 551, Amsterdam, N. Y.—Financial Secretary, Wm. Meccir, 333 E. Main St.

No. 552, Lewistown, Mont.—Financial Secretary, E. D. Porter, Box 121.

No. 557, York, Pa.—Financial Secretary, W. Kleffman, 735 S. Beaver St.

(c) No. 560, Pasadena, Calif.—Meets Thursday at Labor Temple, 24 W. Walnut St. President, A. D. Barnard, 1969 N. Marengo Ave.; Vice President, R. G. Wood, 224 N. Madison Ave.; Financial Secretary, C. M. Burnham, 487 Cypress Ave.; Recording Secretary, H. E. Klockner, 121 S. Chester Ave.; Treasurer, H. E. Klockner, 121 S. Chester Ave.

No. 562, Kenosha, Wis.—Financial Secretary, J. Schippers, 610 Park St.

(f) No. 565, Schenectady, N. Y.—Meets second Monday of each month in Donahue Building, State St. President, Joseph Gross, 220 6th Ave.; Vice President, Chas. Tabor, 704 Stanley St.; Financial Secretary, Chas. Van Netten, 811 Duane Ave.; Recording Secretary, E. H. Lester, 219 Broadway; Treasurer, W. P. Mooney, 5 3rd St.

No. Sub-565, Schenectady, N. Y. — Meets second Monday of the month at Donahue Bldg., State St. President, Mae Smith, 917 Lincoln Ave.; Vice President, Josephine Weldom, 9 Villa Rd.; Financial Secretary, Alice M. Wright, 717 Vale St.; Treasurer, W. P. Mooney, 5 Third St.

No. 579, Globe, Ariz.—Financial Secretary, C. Phipps, Box 1191.

(a) No. 581, Morristown, N. J.—Meets first and third Mondays at Painters' Hall, Park Place. President, Charles Cronshy, Hanover Ave.; Morris Plains, N. J.; Vice President, Harry Anson, Western Ave.; Financial Secretary, John H. Watson, Glenbrook Place, Morris Plains, N. J.; Recording Secretary, Clarence Smith, 3 Speedwell Place; Treasurer, H. Watson, Morris Plains, N. J.

No. 583, El Paso, Texas.—Meets Tuesdays at Eagles' Hall. President, G. W. Cook, P. O. Box 1105, El Paso, Tex.; Vice President, Ray Donaughe, P. O. Box 1105, El Paso, Tex.; Financial Secretary, R. J. Harrison, 905 Olive St., El Paso, Tex.; Recording Secretary, W. Davis, P. O. Box 1105, El Paso, Tex.

(a) No. 588, Lowell, Mass.—Meets first and third Fridays of each month at Room No. 6, two flight up, 219 Central St. President, Chester W. McDonald, 294 High St.; Vice President, James A. Mylott, 74 Indian St.; Financial Secretary, Fred Robey, 13 Rockdale Ave.; Recording Secretary, Joseph F. Hurley, 32 Second St.; Treasurer, Henry F. Quimby, 52 Willow St.

(c) No. 591, Stockton, Calif.—Meets Monday at Labor Temple, 28 N. Hunter St. President, C. S. Estrada, 210 E. Clay; Vice President, W. H. Day, 335 E. Washington; Financial Secretary, W. R. Gregory, 1017 S. Sutter; Recording Secretary, J. F. Ulrich, 126 S. Pilgrim; Treasurer, W. R. Gregory, 1017 S. Sutter.

(i) No. 592, Kansas City, Mo.—Meets every Thursday at Labor Temple, 1402 Woodland St. President, O. D. Buell, 3410 E. 14th St.; Financial Secretary, R. R. Deer, 3936 Woodland Ave.; Recording Secretary, August J. Pfetzing, Labor Temple, 1402 Woodland Ave.; Treasurer, Hugh S. O'Neill, 2538 Summit St.

No. 595, Oakland, Cal.—President, C. M. Reek, 2137 4th Ave.; Vice President, J. J. Manning, 669 7th St.; Financial Secretary, F. O. Lee, 925 75th Ave.; Recording Secretary, W. J. Parr, 3410 Davis St.; Treasurer, A. L. Schaffer, 5248 Shafter Ave.

(b) No. 614, San Rafael, Calif.—Meets first Tuesday in the month at Building Trades' Hall, B St. President, W. M. Meagor, Ross Valley; Vice President, H. R. Eklund, San Rafael; Financial Secretary, H. E. Smith, 233 D St.; Recording Secretary, H. E. Jorgensen, 239 D St.; Treasurer, H. E. Smith, 233 D St.

(c) No. 617, San Mateo, Calif.—Meets first and third Tuesday nights of each month at B. T. C. Hall, B St. President, A. S. Moore; Vice President, C. Bradford; Financial Secretary, Harry Magee, 134 N. C. St.; Recording Secretary, Chas. Morrison, 116 Griffith Ave.; Treasurer, Chas. Morrison.

No. 620, Sheboygan, Wis.—President, F. V. Cooper; Vice President, Aug. Acker; Financial Secretary, Geo. Fairweather, 1519 N. 3d St.; Recording Secretary, Tom McDonald.

(c) No. 625, Halifax, N. S., Canada.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at 71 Agricola St. President, W. F. Spruim, 108 Edward St.; Vice President, E. A. Nickerson, 10 Martland St.; Financial Secretary, F. H. Nickerson, 6 Summit St.; Recording Secretary, H. J. Smith, 4½ Uniacke St.; Treasurer, H. J. Smith, 4½ Uniacke St.

No. 631, New Burgh, N. Y.—Meets first Friday of each month at Central Labor Hall, Second and Water Sts. President, Charles Olson, 270 N. Water St.; Vice President, Roy Westervelt, City Terrace, New Burgh, N. Y.; Financial Secretary, Edward F. McDonald, 59 William St.; New Burgh, N. Y.; Recording Secretary, Lenard Herrman, 312 Broadway, New Burgh, N. Y.; Treasurer, Edward F. McDonald, 59 William St., New Burgh, N. Y.

No. 639, Ft. Arthur, Tex.—President, A. J. Brown; Vice President, F. H. Hoffman; Financial Secretary, R. McDaniel, Box 73; Recording Secretary, G. T. Dunaway; Treasurer, R. McDaniel.

(j) No. Sub-643, Springfield, Mass.—Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at C. L. U. Hall, 19 Banford St. President, Anastasia Viederman, 487 New Bridge St., W.; Vice President, Grace Tinkham, 47 Lowell St.; Financial Secretary, Grace Dailey, 333 Eastern Ave.; Treasurer, Helen Burke, 21 Everette St.

No. 644, Schenectady, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Fridays at I. B. E. W. Hall, State St. President, E. J. Anderson, 127 James St., Scotia, Schenectadv Co.; Vice President, Wm. Alligeir, 29½ Moyston St.; Financial Secretary, George M. Simpson, Jay St. and Sacandago Road, Scotia, Schenectadv Co.; Recording Secretary, E. A. Jandro, 503 Craig St.; Treasurer, Chas. Bachem, 550 S. Center St.

No. 645, Schenectady, N. Y.—President, J. F. Lenaban, 403 Paige St.; Vice President, George Stone; Financial Secretary, Wallace Riley, 626 Chapel St.; Recording Secretary, T. Welch, 332 Germania Ave.; Treasurer, M. Snow.

No. 648, Hamilton, Ohio.—Meets second and fourth Tuesdays in Paintners' Hall. President, A. D. Howard, 911 Sycamore St.; Vice President, Celdon Symmes, R. F. D. No. 4; Financial Secretary, Frank Venable, 921 N. 3d St.; Recording Secretary, C. Schafer, 118 S. 3d St.; Treasurer, Roy Schroder, 547 Central Ave.

(c) No. 658, Little Rock, Ark.—Meets first and third Tuesdays in Kirt Hall, 910½ Main St. President, Joe Drees, care Ark. Elec. Co.; Vice President, E. L. Ketzsch, care Treadway Elec. Co.; Financial Secretary, F. R. Sibert, 3212 W. 11th St.; Recording Secretary, K. D. Vance, 139 Riverside Ave.; Treasurer, J. C. Dice, 3820 Compton Ave.

(e) No. 659, Dunkirk, N. Y.—Meets first and third Sunday evenings at 7:30 at Wortner's Hall, Lion St. President, Ernest Lavondosski, 16 Genet St.; Vice President, Willis H. Williams, 117 E. 2d St.; Financial Secretary, F. T. Karrow, 725 Deer St.; Recording Secretary, T. O. Palmer, Houghton St., Fredonia, N. Y.

No. 664, Brooklyn, N. Y.—President, Jas. Verdon, 287 Bridge St.; Vice President, Wm. Bruns, 408 Cortelyou Road; Financial Secretary, R. H. Lavender, 165 Concord St.; Recording Secretary, Jno. W. Skelton, 89 Waverly Ave.; Treasurer, E. E. Pinckney, 297 E. 7th St.

(c) No. 666, Richmond, Va.—Meets every other Wednesday at Spark's Hall, Broad St. President, W. W. Ingalls, 419 N. 3d St.; Vice President, W. P. Neblett, 210 E. 12th St.; Financial Secretary, W. R. Wright, 801 N. Ave., Brookland Park; Recording Secretary, W. B. Roberts, 400 W. Main St.; Treasurer, L. R. Warinner, 723 N. 26th St.

No. 667 Pittston, Pa.—Meets first and third Monday in Saint Aloys Hall on Main St. President, Frank Miller, 89 Sarle St.; Financial Secretary, Edward G. Ruane, 25 Tedrick Road; Recording Secretary, James C. Brady, Port Griffith, Pa.; Treasurer, Patrick Hurley, Pine St.

(a) No. 668, LaFayette, Ind.—Meets first and third Mondays at Labor Temple, corner 5th and Columbia Sts. President, Jess Haggard, 717 Cincinnati St.; Vice President, R. J. Hamilton, 1107 Main St.; Financial Secretary, J. H. Glenn, 1107 N. 9th St.; Recording Secretary, Ira Williams, 1010 N. 7th St.; Treasurer, J. H. Glenn, 1107 N. 9th St.

(c) No. 675, Elizabeth, N. J.—Meets first and third Tuesdays at Bucher's Hall, 462 E. Jersey St. President, Leo Brown, 855 Cross St.; Vice President, Edward J. Johnson, 1139 Washington St.; Financial Secretary, Daniel A. Clair, 525 Franklin St.; Recording Secretary, Arthur Cannon, 541 Elizabeth Ave.; Treasurer, Frederick Colton, 329 Elizabeth Ave.

(a) No. 677, Gatun, Canal Zone.—Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month at Gatun Lodge Hall, Gatun, C. Z. President, J. W. Smith, Gatun, C. Z.; Vice President, W. L. Tricker, Gatun, C. Z.; Financial Secretary, John Lamont, Gatun, C. Z.; Recording Secretary, N. E. Emmons, Gatun, C. Z.; Treasurer, A. Woolnough, Gatun, C. Z.

(i) No. 679, Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets every Friday at Labor Lyceum Hall, 6th and Brown Sts. President, Gilbert Surfass, 1330 Boston Ave., Philadelphia; Financial Secretary, Ed. Gayton, 2527 S. 17th St.; Recording Secretary, Chas. Miller, 160 E. Ontario St., Philadelphia; Treasurer, William Reber, 1230 Harold St., Philadelphia, Pa.

No. 680, Fon du Lac, Wis.—Meets first and third Fridays at Trades and Labor Hall, corner 3d and Main Sts. President, Robert B. Mason, 342 Morris St.; Vice President, Burt Baker, 224 E. Cotton St.; Financial Secretary, Chas. L. Hildebrand, Y. M. C. A. Bldg.; Recording Secretary, Al Resimins, 278 3d St.; Treasurer, John O'Brien, 96 Harrison Pl.

(a) No. 682, New York, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Fridays at Schuetzen Hall, 12th St. and Market Place. President, J. S. Moore, 2330 7th Ave., New York City; Vice President, George Hanusler, 825 Prospect St., Richmond Hill, L. I., N. Y.; Financial Secretary, W. P. Keeler, 500 W. 179th St., New York City; Recording Secretary, B. M. Thompson, 1349 E. 37th St., Brooklyn; Treasurer, William P. Keeler, 500 W. 179th St., City.

(a) No. 685, Roslyn, Wash.—Meets Wednesday nights at N. W. I. Building, Penn. Ave. President, James Manville, Cle Elum, Wash.; Vice President, Wm. Crooks, Cle Elum, Wash.; Financial Secretary, Percy Wright, Box 249; Recording Secretary, James Reese, Roslyn, Wash.; Treasurer, J. A. Cailier, Roslyn, Wash.

No. 694, Youngstown, Ohio.—Meets first and third Tuesday nights of each month at Atty's Hall, N. Phelps St. President, W. R. Pounders, Hubbard, Ohio; Vice President, C. J. Knittle, 330 Ayers St.; Financial Secretary, F. Korth, 115 Berlin St.; Recording Secretary, J. B. Warhis, 280 E. Federal St.; Treasurer, W. W. Bryn, 72 Montgomery Ave.

(c) No. 695, St. Joseph, Mo.—Meets Tuesday night at K. P. Hall, 7th and Edmond. President, H. A. Bain, 1606 Pacific; Vice President, Earle G. Long, 1633½ Frederick Ave.; Financial Secretary, Wm. Wagner, 2107 Penn St.; Recording Secretary, A. L. Utz, 712 Locust St.; Treasurer, W. Valentine, 1334 S. 15th St.

(c) No. 696, Albany, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Tuesdays in Beaver Block, S. Pearl St. President, P. H. Mohr, 6 Ditson Place;

Vice President, J. H. Marsh, 321 Washington Ave.; Financial Secretary, J. J. Dowling, 70 Bradford St.; Recording Secretary, T. J. Luddy, Cohoes, N. Y.; Treasurer, C. A. Miller, 1 Columbia Place.

(c) No. 697, Gary, Ind.—Meets first and third Thursdays at Eagle's Hall, Gary, Ind.; meets second and fourth Thursdays at Long's Hall, Hammond, Ind. President, C. A. McGraner, P. O. Box 347, Gary, Ind.; Vice President, R. F. Abbott, 48 Sibley St., Hammond, Ind.; Financial Secretary, R. O. Stiles, P. O. Box 347, Gary, Ind.; Recording Secretary, Thos. Beggs, 483 State St., Hammond, Ind.; Treasurer, J. W. Wagner, 685 Washington St., Gary, Ind.

(a) No. 699, Gloucester, Mass.—Meets first and third Tuesdays at Teamsters' Hall, Main St. President, Warren S. Mitchell, School St., Engine Co.; Vice President, Rodrick P. Frazer, 32 Bass Ave.; Financial Secretary, Eugene R. Lord, 381 Wash. St.; Recording Secretary, Sylvester D. Deering, 18 Washington St.; Treasurer, Sidney S. Favor, 121 Rogers St.

No. 700, Pittsburg, Kas.—Meets Tuesday at Labor Headquarters, N. Broadway St. President, C. A. Wiles, 1704 N. Elem St.; Vice President, George Harmon, care Head Light Bldg.; Financial Secretary, H. V. Hartman, 1809 N. Locust St.; Recording Secretary, H. L. Hodson, W. 8th St.

(a) No. 701, Wheaton, Ill.—Financial Secretary, M. J. Burckal, Wheaton, Ill.

(a) No. 702, Herrin, Ill.—Meets every Sunday at N. Park Ave. President, Lawrence Hundley, Herrin, Ill.; Vice President, John L. Ampfer, Herrin, Ill.; Financial Secretary, T. D. Springs, R. F. D. No. 1, Box 638, Carterville, Ill.; Recording Secretary, Ranson Little, Herrin, Ill.; Treasurer, Dave Baker, Herrin, Ill.

No. 703, Edwardsville, Ill.—Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at Bohm Hall, Main and Vandalia Sts. President, W. W. Schlueter, 202 St. Louis St.; Vice President, C. C. Lail, care of Mad. St. and Pr. Co., Granite City, Ill.; Financial Secretary, C. H. Hotz, 211 Clay St.; Recording Secretary, H. M. Hills, 116 West St.; Treasurer, Wm. Duell, 107 East St.; Business Agent, W. H. Brennar, 202 St. Louis St.

No. 706, International Falls, Minn.—Financial Secretary, Geo. Charters, Box 186.

(a) No. 707, Holyoke, Mass.—Meets second and fourth Tuesdays of the month at 205 High St. President, Chas. E. Hunter, Dooleys' Inn; Vice President, Wm. Lacey, 96 Chapin St.; Financial Secretary, P. O. Neuman, 4 Vernon St.; Recording Secretary, Ralph E. Denver, 141 No-notuck St.; Treasurer, H. H. Bolter, 35 Willow St.

No. Sub-707, Holyoke, Mass.—Financial Secretary, E. S. Alden, 189 High St.

(a) No. 708, Brainerd, Minn.—Meets second Thursday of each month at Theviot Hall, S. 8th St. President, Charles R. Iise, 223 Kindred St.; Vice President, Dean Wilson, Imperial Block; Financial Secretary, H. Roberts, 1702 E. Oak St.; Recording Secretary, A. Ansdahl, Iron Exchange Hotel; Treasurer, Otto Peterson, Windsor Hotel.

(g) No. 709, Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets first and third Mondays of every month in Lower's Hall, 9th and Spring Garden. President, Chas. Eger, 2422 S. 15th St.; Vice President, W. E. Hartman, 145 Fitzgerald St.; Financial Secretary, W. V. Jas. Provence, 5352 Yocum St.; Treasurer, Matthew Pierce, 6644 Haddington St.

No. 710, Northampton, Mass.—Meets second and fourth Thursdays at A. O. H. Hall, Main

St. President, Albert J. Asher, 1 Eastern Ave.; August McKenzie, 15 Hampton Ave.; Financial Secretary, Edward O'Neill, 24 Armory St.; Recording Secretary, Edward O'Neill, 24 Armory St.; Treasurer, John L. Burke, 348 N. King St.

(h) No. 713, Chicago, Ill.—Meets first and third Tuesdays of each month on 365 W. Madison St. President, John A. Jackson, 4536 Indiana Ave.; Vice President, August Prassel, 655 Aldine Ave.; Financial Secretary, Philip J. McGinn, 365 W. Madison St.; Recording Secretary, A. Lang, 1433 S. 59th Ave., Cicero; Treasurer, Wm. H. Dettman, 1806 N. Fairfield Ave.

(a) No. 714, Charleston, Mass.—Meets first and third Tuesdays at Owl's Hall, 66 Main St. President, Henry F. O'Connell, 819 4th St., South Boston; Vice President, George Rowe, 101 Homer St., East Boston; Financial Secretary, James A. Ago, 66 Main St., Charleston; Recording Secretary, C. A. Blue, 24 Sherwood St., Roslindale; Treasurer, A. A. Valois, 133 Kimball Ave., Revere.

No. 716, Houston, Tex.—Meets Thursday at 1111½ Congress St. President, J. M. Stevens, 2009 Everett St.; Business Agent, K. Whaley, Box 395; Financial Secretary, W. J. Peters, 2006 Jefferson Ave.; Recording Secretary, E. N. Henshaw, 2105 Leeland Ave.; Treasurer, J. V. Shown, Houston Heights, Tex.

(h) No. 717, Boston, Mass.—Meets first and third Tuesdays each month in Wells' Memorial Building, Washington St. President, E. J. Hogan, 30 Dundee St.; Vice President, L. S. Blowers, 153 Cornell St., Roslindale, Mass.; Financial Secretary, P. J. McWilliams, 199 Blue Hill Ave., Roxbury, Mass.; Recording Secretary, P. F. Grant, 87 Sheridan St., Jamaica Plain, Mass.; Treasurer, A. J. Davis, Jr., 18 Finfield St., Dorchester, Mass.

(b) No. 718, Paducah, Ky.—Meets first and third Monday nights at Central Labor Hall, 3d Broadway St. President, George Grim, 718 S. 11th St.; Vice President, J. O. Pate, 4 Jefferson; Financial Secretary, George Brown, 502 S. 6th St.; Recording Secretary, Carl Elmendorf, 439 S. 3d; Treasurer, Geo. B. Brown, 502 S. 6th St.

(a) No. 719, Manchester, N. H.—Meets first and third Fridays of each month on 39 Manchester St. President, Forest Evans, 836 Beech St.; Vice President, Chas. M. Warner, 75 Sagamore St.; Financial Secretary, Gus Schmalbus, 199 Hunter St.; Recording Secretary, Walter Sims, 432 Lincoln St.; Treasurer, Albert Milville, 325 Central St.

No. 720, Moberly, Mo.—Meets first and third Mondays in each month at 409 Reed St. President, G. T. Little, 409 Reed St.; Vice President, H. B. Rilcher, 409 Reed St.; Financial Secretary, B. W. Sanders, 115 S. 4th St.; Recording Secretary, Harry Solomon, 641 N. Ave.; Treasurer, J. L. Walker, 109 N. William St.

(c) No. 722, New Haven, Conn.—Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Trades Council Hall, Chapel St. President, Walter Lines, 1010 Campbell Ave., West Haven, Conn.; Vice President, John J. Bowen, Chapel St., New Haven, Conn.; Financial Secretary, Harry Weston, Jr., 749 State St., New Haven, Conn.; Recording Secretary, Earl Carpenter, 50 Lanson St., West Haven, Conn.; Treasurer, George R. Saunders, 62 Whitney Ave., New Haven, Conn.

No. 723, Ft Wayne, Ind.—Meets every Friday at Carpenters' Hall, Calhoun St. President, J. Benlow; Vice President, J. Madden; Financial Secretary, Z. Z. Miller, 507 La Salle St.; Recording Secretary, D. Mullen, 2008 N. Barr St.; Treasurer, S. Evans, Butler St.

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